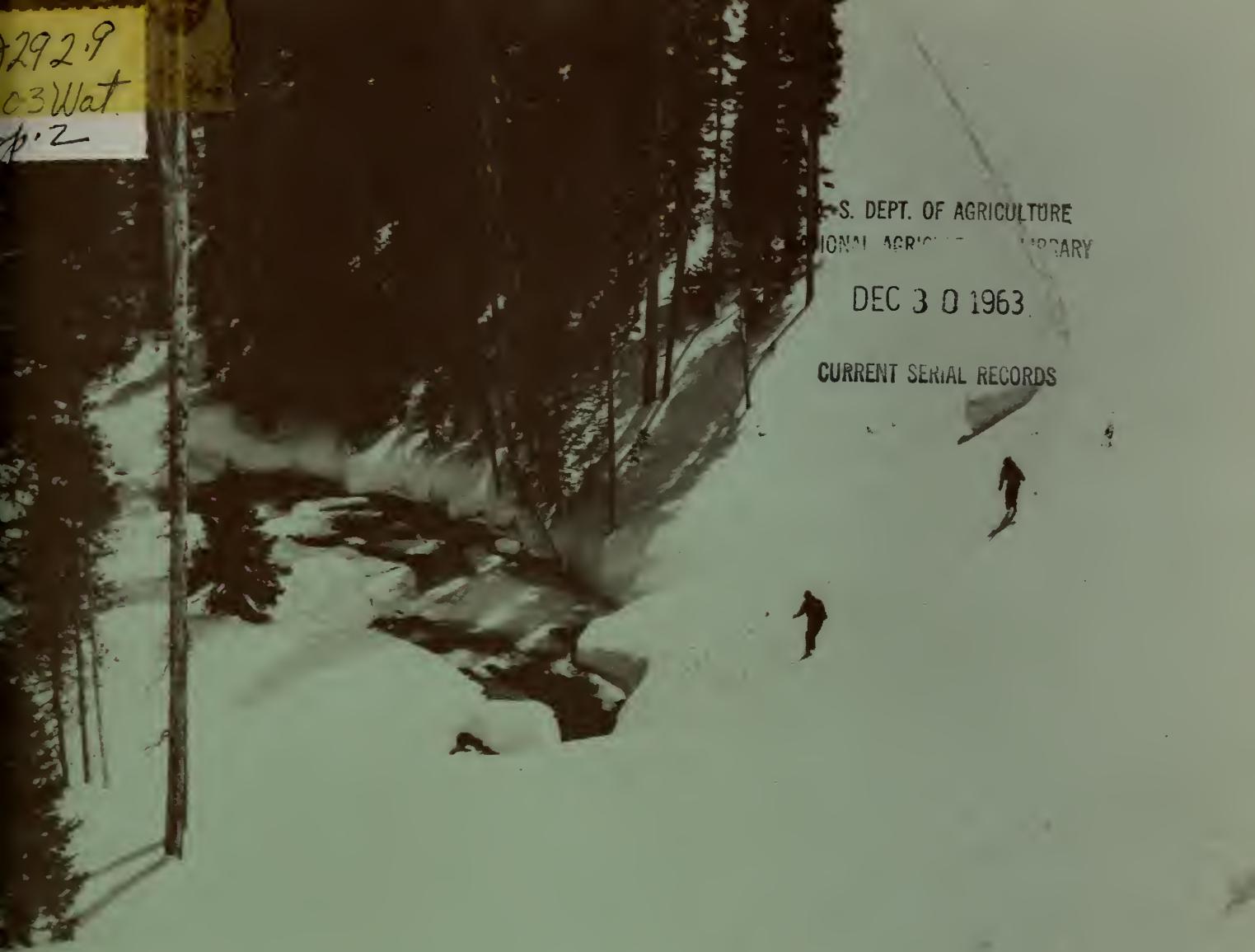


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CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK and FEDERAL - STATE - PRIVATE COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS for IDAHO

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT of AGRICULTURE...SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE,
and
IDAHO STATE RECLAMATION ENGINEER

Data included in this report were obtained by the agency named above in cooperation with the Comptroller of Water Rights of British Columbia, and Federal, State and private organizations listed on the last page of this report.

AS OF
APR. 1, 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

To Recipients of Water Supply Outlook Reports:

The climate of the cultivated and populated areas of the West is characterized by relatively dry summer months. Such precipitation as occurs falls mostly in the winter and early spring months when it is of little immediate benefit to growing crops. Most of this precipitation falls as mountain snow which stays on the ground for months, melting later to sustain streamflow during the period of greatest demand during late spring and summer. Thus, nature provides in mountain snow an imposing water storage facility.

The amount of water stored in mountain snow varies from place to place as well as from year to year and accordingly, so does the runoff of the streams. The best seasonal management of variable western water supplies results from advance estimates of the streamflow.

A snow survey consists of a series of about ten samples taken with specially designed snow sampling equipment along a permanently marked line, up to 1000 feet in length, called a snow course. The use of snow sampling equipment provides snow depth and water equivalent values for each sampling point. The average of these values is reported as the snow survey measurement for a snow course.

Snow surveys are made monthly or semi-monthly beginning in January or February and continue through the snow season until April, May or June. Currently more than 1400 western snow courses are measured each year. These measurements furnish the key data for water supply forecasts.

Streamflow forecasts are obtained by a comparison of total or maximum snow accumulation, as measured by snow water equivalent, to the subsequent spring and summer or snowmelt season runoff over a period of years. The snow water equivalent measured in selected snow courses provides most of the index to the streamflow forecast for the following season. More accurate forecasts are usually obtained when other factors such as soil moisture, base flow and spring precipitation are considered and included in the forecast procedure. Early season forecasts assume average climatic conditions through the snowmelt season.

Listed below are the Federal-State-Private Cooperative Snow Survey and Water Supply Forecast reports available for the West which contain detailed information on snow survey measurements, streamflow forecasts, reservoir storage, soil moisture and other guide data to water management and conservation decisions. Soil Conservation Service Reports may be secured from Water Supply Forecasting Unit, Soil Conservation Service, P.O. Box 4170, Portland 8, Oregon.

PUBLISHED BY SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

<u>REPORTS</u>	<u>ISSUED</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>COOPERATING WITH</u>
RIVER BASINS			
WESTERN UNITED STATES			
MONTHLY (FEB.-MAY)	PORTLAND, OREGON	ALL COOPERATORS	
STATES			
ALASKA	MONTHLY (MAR.-MAY)	PALMER, ALASKA	ALASKA S.C.D.
ARIZONA	SEMI-MONTHLY (JAN. 15 - APR. 1)	PHOENIX, ARIZONA	SALT R. VALLEY WATER USERS ASSOC. ARIZ. AGR. EXP. STATION
COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO	MONTHLY (FEB.-MAY)	FORT COLLINS, COLORADO	COLO. STATE UNIVERSITY COLO. STATE ENGINEER N. MEX. STATE ENGINEER
IDAHO	MONTHLY (JAN.-JUNE)	BOISE, IDAHO	IDAHO STATE RECLAMATION ENGINEER
MONTANA	MONTHLY (JAN.-JUNE)	BOZEMAN, MONTANA	MONT. AGR. EXP. STATION
NEVADA	MONTHLY (JAN.-MAY)	RENO, NEVADA	NEVADA DEPT. OF CONSERVATION AND NATURAL RESOURCES - DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES
OREGON	MONTHLY (JAN.-JUNE)	PORTLAND, OREGON	OREG. STATE UNIVERSITY OREGON STATE ENGINEER
UTAH	MONTHLY (JAN.-JUNE)	SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH	UTAH STATE ENGINEER
WASHINGTON	MONTHLY (FEB.-JUNE)	SPOKANE, WASHINGTON	WN. STATE DEPT. OF CONSERVATION
WYOMING	MONTHLY (FEB.-JUNE)	CASPER, WYOMING	WYOMING STATE ENGINEER

PUBLISHED BY OTHER AGENCIES

<u>REPORTS</u>	<u>ISSUED</u>	<u>AGENCY</u>
BRITISH COLUMBIA	MONTHLY (FEB.-JUNE)	WATER RIGHTS BR., DEPT. OF LANDS, FORESTS AND NATURAL RESOURCES, PARLIAMENT BLDG., VICTORIA, B.C., CANADA
CALIFORNIA	MONTHLY (FEB.-MAY)	CALIF. DEPT. OF WATER RESOURCES, P.O. BOX 388, SACRAMENTO, CALIF.

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK and SNOW SURVEYS - IDAHO

IMPORTANT NOTICE

If you wish to continue to receive the attached Water Supply Outlook and Snow Survey reports, please sign and return the lower portion of this form.

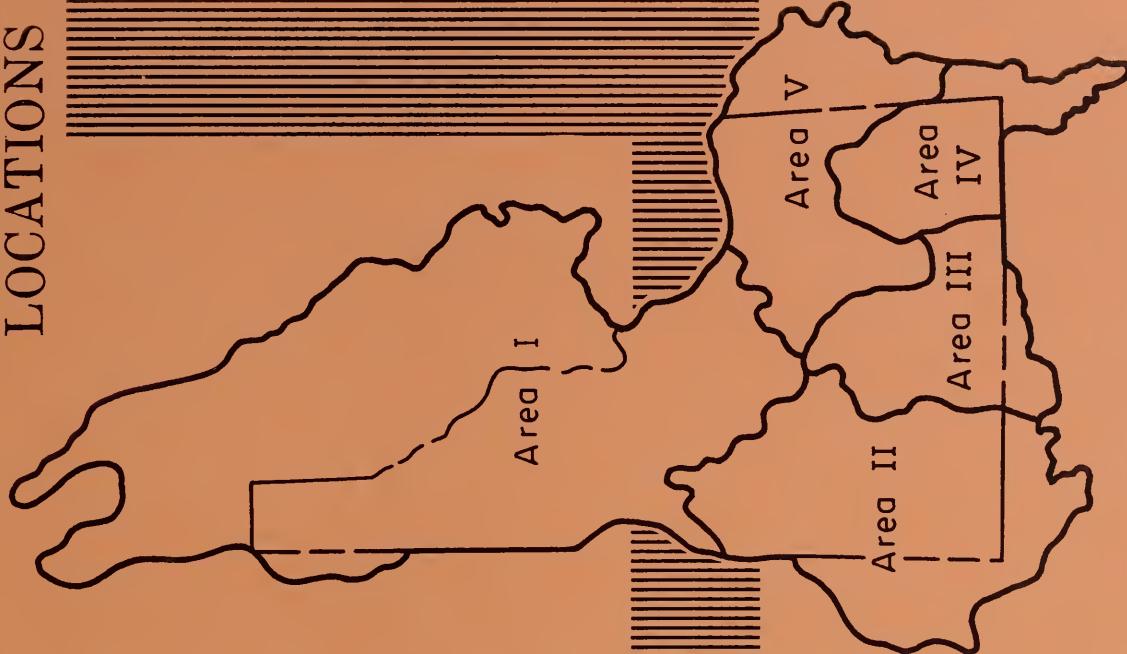
Check the report or reports desired (✓). If two or more different area reports are marked, the state report will be sent automatically unless specifically indicated otherwise on the card.

If two or more of the same report are desired, place number on card. (3)

Check your address on reverse side of card and correct if necessary.

If this card is not returned in 30 DAYS we are required to remove your name from the free mailing list.

WATERSHED LOCATIONS



WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK and SNOW SURVEYS - IDAHO

*Area Reports Issued February, March, April, May.
State Report Issued January, February, March, April, May, June.*

() AREA I — KOOTENAI, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE,
PALOUSE, CLEARWATER, SALMON WATERSHEDS
() AREA II — BOISE, PAYETTE, WEISER, BRUNEAU,
OWYHEE WATERSHEDS
() AREA III — SNAKE, BIG WOOD, LITTLE WOOD, RAFT,
GOOSE CREEK, SALMON FALLS CREEK
WATERSHEDS
() AREA IV — UPPER SNAKE, BLACKFOOT, PORTNEUF,
BEAR, MALAD WATERSHEDS
() AREA V — UPPER SNAKE, HENRY'S FORK, TETON,
CAMAS-BEAVER CREEK, LITTLE LOST, BIG
LOST, UPPER SALMON WATERSHEDS

() IDAHO — INCLUDES ALL ABOVE REPORTS AND OTHER DATA

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Snow Surveys Section
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WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK
and
FEDERAL - STATE - PRIVATE COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS
for
IDAHO

Report prepared by

MORLAN W. NELSON Snow Survey Supervisor

and

J. ALDEN WILSON Asst. Snow Survey Supervisor

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
SNOW SURVEY SECTION
BOX 1247, BOISE, IDAHO

Issued by

LEE T. MORGAN
STATE CONSERVATIONIST
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
BOISE, IDAHO

GEORGE N. CARTER
STATE RECLAMATION ENGINEER
DEPARTMENT OF RECLAMATION
BOISE, IDAHO

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK for IDAHO



GENERAL SUMMARY - APRIL 6, 1963

The outlook for streamflow in the 1963 irrigation season is one of the poorest ever recorded in Idaho. The rivers with adequate storage facilities and good carry-over water can make up for the low streamflow by heavy drafts on stored water. The main stem of the Snake, Boise, Payette, and Big Wood Rivers have excellent reserves of stored water for this season, but carry-over into the 1964 season may be low. The smaller rivers throughout Idaho not having good storage facilities are forecast to have critical water shortages during this season. There is still a remote possibility that heavy rains during April could change this outlook slightly.

Snowfall, during the 1963 season, has been one of the lightest ever recorded in Idaho. Fall and winter precipitation has also been below normal, resulting in the soil beneath the snow pack being unusually dry. The high elevation snow courses have a better snow pack in relation to normal than the low and medium sites. The south slopes are either entirely bare of snow or have new snow that will melt in a few days of warm weather.

The various ranges of mountains south of the Snake River along the entire southern edge of the state have the lightest snow pack ever recorded except on a few snow courses. In general, the area of snow cover that contributes to streamflow is unusually small this season. The bare south slopes and high snow line are expected to reduce streamflow more than indicated by the snow course measurements.

Soil moisture measurements taken at approximately forty sites throughout the

state continue to show an unusual pattern of soil moisture. The high elevation sites are unusually dry as a result of the dry fall in 1962 and the fact that the major snow-melt has not started. The middle elevation sites have soil that is partially primed by rain and melting snow and has already began to dry out. Valley soil conditions in our irrigated areas are also unusually dry and irrigation water has been turned on in many places in order to prepare seed beds with enough moisture to germinate the crops planted. In many of our watersheds, the lower elevation soil moisture deficiencies are so great that the entire snow pack existing at this time can be absorbed by the soil. The dry soil in general increases the critical nature of the low water supply outlook for 1963.

In general, the prospects for streamflow appears similar to the dry years of the thirties, and water users are encouraged to carry over as much water into the 1964 season as possible. Water users, without storage facilities, have been encouraged to stretch limited water supplies in every way possible. Technical suggestions covering these points are included in this report.

CROPPING TIPS FOR WATER CONSERVATION

by

Luther Jones, State Soil Conservationist
Soil Conservation Service

If you are faced with a water shortage this year, the following are some points you may wish to consider.

1. If you have to cut down on acreage, select the fields with good, deep medium-textured soils to use for crop production. Good soils will make better use of the water available. The SCS technician in your SCD will help you select the best soils.
2. Plant a smaller acreage of heavy water-using crops such as sugar beets.
3. Substitute cereal grains of wheat, oats, or barley for heavy water-using crops.
4. Delay establishment of hay stands until year with favorable water.
5. Use a minimum number of shallow tillage operations to conserve winter moisture, when preparing a seedbed. A good, firm seedbed will assure more uniform stands.
6. Time your irrigation to do the most good. Three irrigations on small grain at (1) the jointing stage, (2) the boot stage, and (3) soft dough stage will produce good yields. Irrigation during the blossom stage on small grains and grass seed will often cause a drop of bloom and a decreased yield. In corn, the tasseling-to-silk stage of plant growth is critical. Moisture deficits for one or two days during this critical period may result in yield reduction as much as 20 percent.

IRRIGATION TIPS

U.S.D.A., SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE and IDAHO SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICTS

Efficient use of irrigation water is always important but it becomes a necessity when drought threatens. How to make the best use of the water available becomes critical. If you have a conservation farm or ranch plan which your Soil Conservation District helped you prepare, you have part of the information needed. Your land capability map will help you make the right decisions.

1. Select your best soils for the most intensive cropping. These will generally be the deeper soils that take water well and have a medium to high water holding capacity. Heavy soils that take water slowly usually cause heavy loss by surface runoff and evaporation. Sandy soils require the most frequent irrigations and, with this increase, normal losses repeat each time. They are subject to an additional loss of water by getting below the depth where the roots can reach it. Within this limitation, select fields closest to the water supply to cut down on ditch losses.
2. Select a balance of crops that have their greatest need for water at different times and plan a minimum of high water use crops. Grass seed for range type grasses is a good low water use crop. Spring grains have a relatively low water use and are satisfied early. You may wish to delay hay seedings of alfalfa grass until fall and seed in the stubble rather than risk the loss of a spring seeded stand.

These "rule of thumb" guides may help you in planning: (Check with your Work Unit Conservationist in the SCD office for a handy pocket size "Rule of Thumb" guide).

Irrigate ABOUT this deep IF there are no restrictions to root development:

Ladino Clover	18 inches
Potatoes and Grass	24 inches
Grain and Corn	36 inches
Alfalfa	60 inches

Crops on an average take ABOUT 40% of their water from the first 1/4 and 30% from the second 1/4 of the root zone when it is available.

AVERAGE Capacity of soils to hold readily available moisture:

<u>Texture Group</u>	<u>Inches of water per foot of soil</u>
Coarse (Sand to loamy sand)	0.5-1.0
Light (Loamy fine sand to fine sandy loam)	1.0-1.5
Medium (Very fine sandy loam to silt)	1.5-2.0
Fine (Sandy clay loam to clay)	2.0-2.5

Most crops do very well IF you don't irrigate until ABOUT 60% of the available moisture is used. Potatoes like a higher level (use 35% to 40% of available moisture).

APPROXIMATE amount of water actually used in a season by some crops

Green peas	12 inches
Small grain, dry beans and grass for seed	15 inches
Corn, potatoes, and sugar beets	24 inches
Alfalfa and grass	30 inches

AVERAGE season of high use
1/10 inch or more per day

Potatoes	- Mid-July to late Aug.
Sugar Beets	- Late June to early Sept.
Grain	- Mid-May to early August
Alfalfa	- early May to early Sept.
Beans	- Late June to early Sept.

Keep in mind that more porous soils and steeper slopes require shorter runs. Fields layed out and leveled with grade and length of runs to fit your soil require less water and labor.

Lined canals or ditches, pipelines, and permanent checks, drops and turnouts save water and labor. Apply fertilizers in balance with the water you expect to have. (See your County Agent on fertilizers)

It is desirable to start the irrigation season with the root zone full of water either from winter moisture or your first irrigation. Don't apply more water than the root zone will hold either now or at later irrigations. From here on, apply water only when it is needed and only as much as is needed. Here are some helpful ideas:

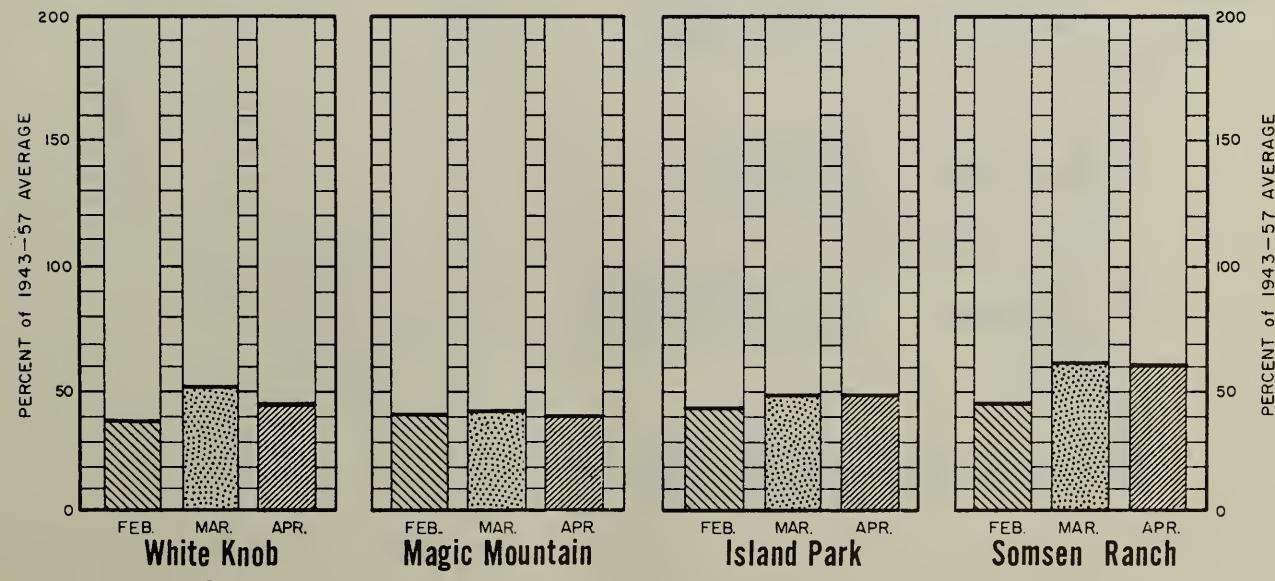
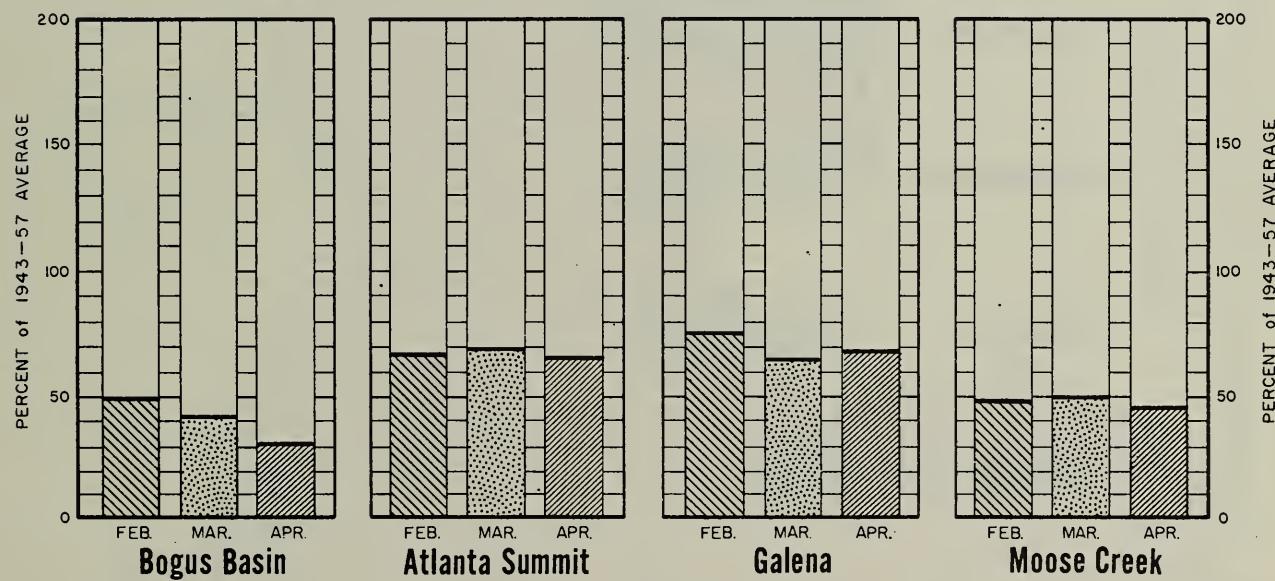
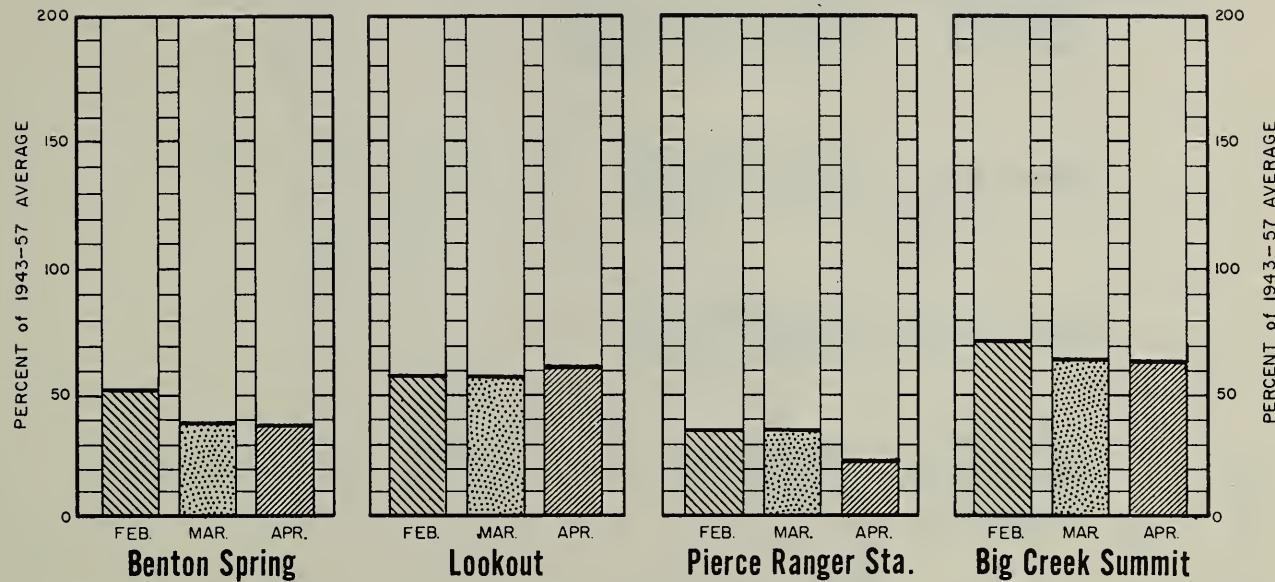
1. Use a soil auger or a shovel to help you determine when you need to irrigate and how much to irrigate. The "Rule of Thumb" tables are a good guide.
2. Use that soil auger or a shovel to check depth of water penetration and pattern during and after each irrigation. Make sure you can determine the difference between where you irrigate and where you haven't.
3. Over-irrigating early in the season may slow down root growth. At all times, it leaches soil nutrients.
4. Use the largest non-erosive stream you can to flush through furrows and corrugates, then cut the stream back to where it will just get through. If it takes more than 1/5 to 1/4 of the total irrigation time to flush through, then your runs are probably too long.
5. Portable gated pipe can help you apply water in shorter runs for greater irrigation efficiency in fields laid out with long rows for better farming efficiency. Gated pipe can easily be moved out of the way between irrigations.
6. If you receive water in a small continuous stream, an overnight storage reservoir may be your salvation. You can apply all of it during the day when you can control it.
7. Small reservoirs at the lower end of the farm to catch all waste water for pumping back on your fields may be good business.
8. Keep useless vegetation out of canals and ditches and off the ditch banks. Willows and weeds along waterways use a large amount of water.
9. Crop residue and barnyard manure increase water intake rates and improve soil structure.
10. Attend your local water supply forecast meetings and participate in water management discussions.

SNOW WATER DEPTHS ACCUMULATION

For Selected Snow Courses

As Compared To 1943-57 15Yr. Average

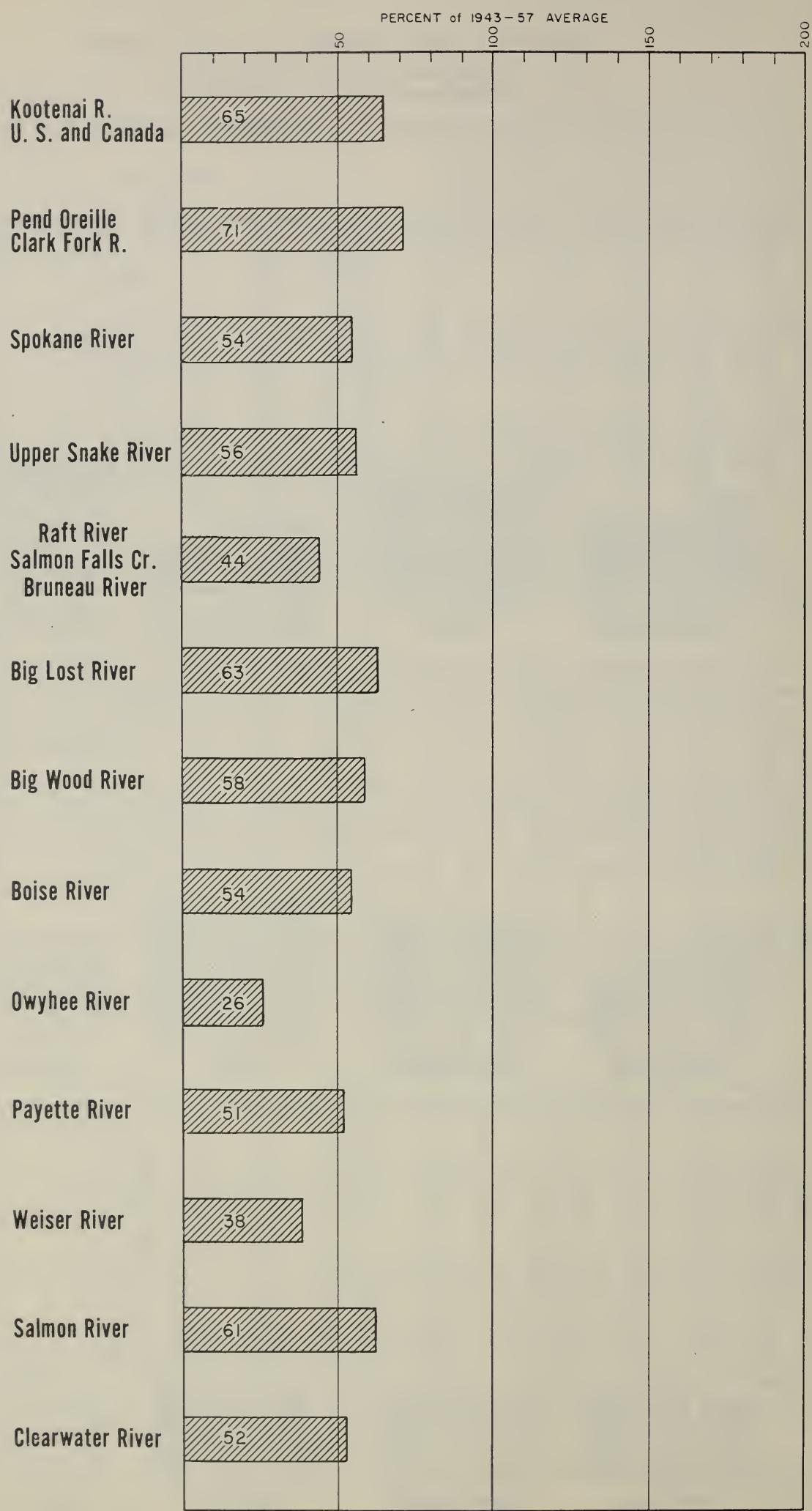
APRIL 1, 1963



SNOW WATER DEPTHS
BY DRAINAGE

Compared To The 1943 - 57 15 Yr. Average

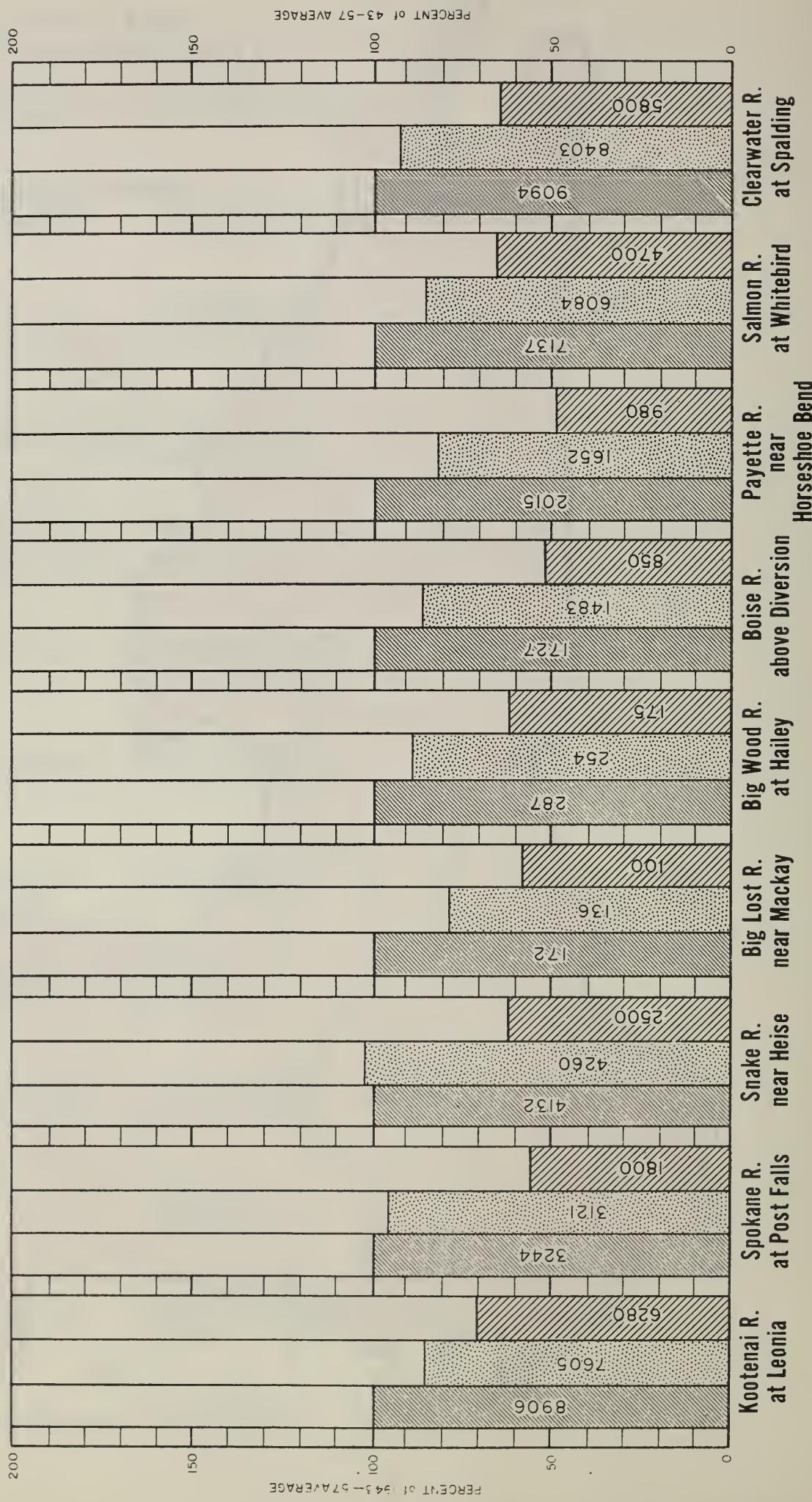
*Snow Cover as of Approximately
APRIL 1, 1963*



9

WATER SUPPLY FORECASTS
APRIL THROUGH SEPTEMBER PERIOD
Based on Snow Surveys made on approximately

15 Yr Average Flow 1943-57
 This Years Forecast
 123 Flow in Thousands of
 Acre Feet
 Last Years Flow

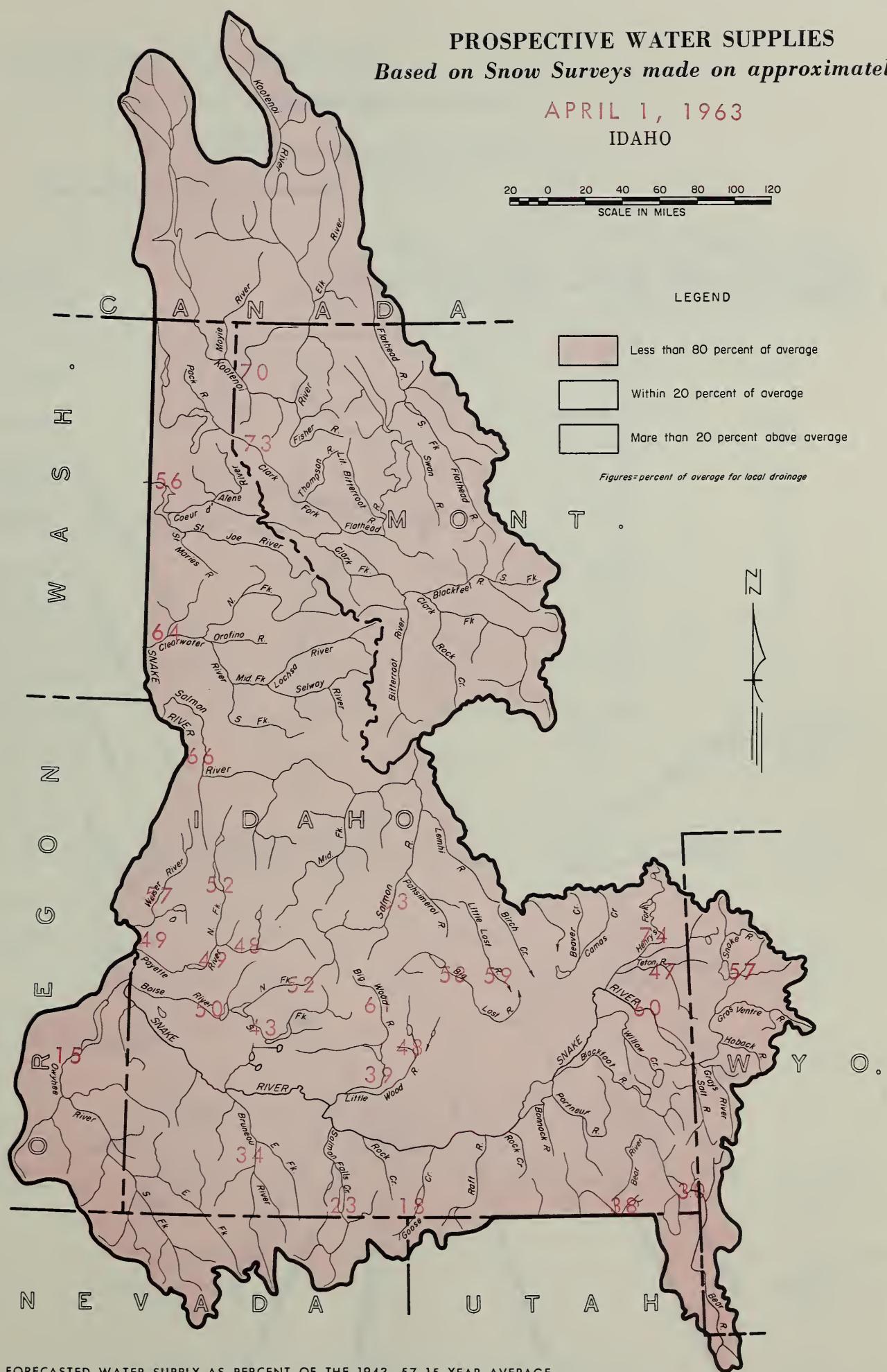


PROSPECTIVE WATER SUPPLIES

Based on Snow Surveys made on approximately

APRIL 1, 1963
IDAHO

SCALE IN MILES

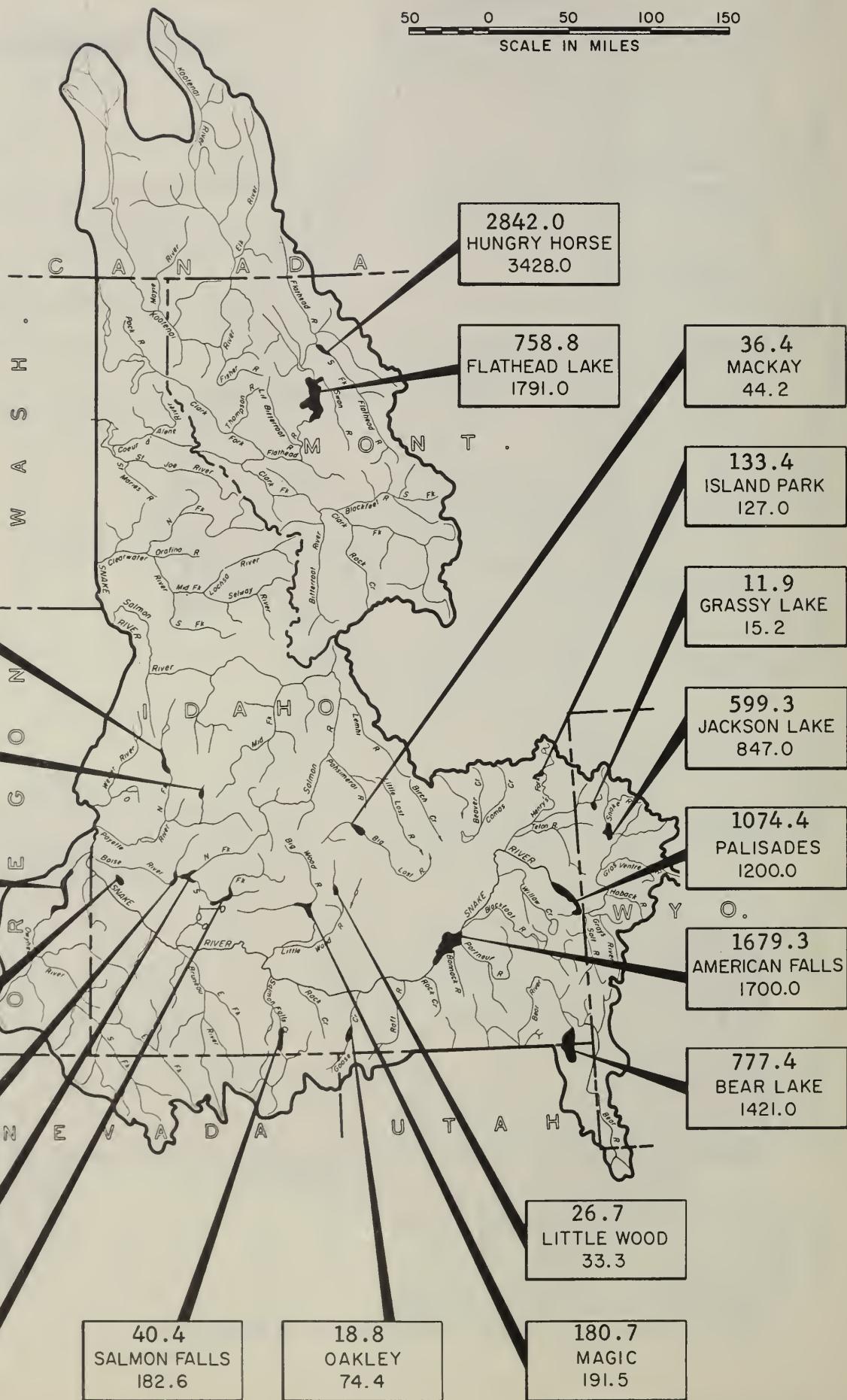


FORECASTED WATER SUPPLY AS PERCENT OF THE 1943-57 15 YEAR AVERAGE

RESERVOIR STORAGE

USABLE CONTENTS (1,000 Acre Feet)

APRIL 1, 1963

50 0 50 100 150
SCALE IN MILESContents
RESERVOIR
CapacityN
S
W
E

VALLEY PRECIPITATION 1/

Division Averages and Departures
In Inches

DRAINAGE DIVISIONS	Fall		Winter	
	Sep. -Oct.-Nov. 1962 Average 2/ Departure 3/	Dec. 1962 - Mar. 1963 Average 2/ Departure 3/		
Kootenai	1.87	-0.62	8.12	-2.46
Flathead	2.01	+0.23	7.62	-0.03
Clark Fork	0.74	+0.04	3.37	-0.11
Pend Oreille-Spokane	4.12	+0.84	11.89	-2.49
Upper Snake	2.26	+0.28	6.23	-0.84
Snake River Plain	0.94	+0.21	3.08	-0.54
Salmon-Payette-Boise	2.29	+0.08	6.49	-2.95
Clearwater	2.31	-0.12	9.16	-1.72
Southeastern Oregon	0.98	+0.07	3.25	-1.24

1/ Preliminary analysis by U. S. Weather Bureau from data furnished by Meteorological Service of Canada and U. S. Weather Bureau.

2/ 15-year (1943-1957) division average.

3/ Departure from 15-year (1943-57) drainage division average.

**WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK and SNOW SURVEYS
KOOTENAI, PEND OREILLE,
SPOKANE, PALOUSE, CLEARWATER,
SALMON WATERSHEDS
IDAHO**

as of APRIL 1, 1963

Far below normal streamflow is the outlook for the spring and summer season in this area. Precipitation and snowfall during March continued the below normal trend of the winter and did not change the outlook.

Snow cover varies from only 18 per cent of normal on the Palouse River to 71 per cent on the Pend Oreille-Clark Fork River. The only heavy storms that occurred during March came during the last few days of the month and did not change the general snow cover picture. The south slopes are bare up to unusually high elevations and the snow line is much higher than normal. This condition is expected to reduce streamflow more than is indicated by the snow-water measurements.

Soil moisture conditions are slightly below or close to normal beneath the snow at the higher elevations. The middle elevation and lower elevation soil moisture sites indicate good soil moisture as a result of melting snow and precipitation.

Streamflow during the month was close to average, but reservoir-stored water is excellent as a result of good streamflow last year and this winter.

Farmers and ranchers, relying on water from small streams, can anticipate below normal supplies and probably prolonged pumping requirements for those who sprinkle or irrigate from wells or streams.

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK expressed as "Poor", "Fair", "Average" or "Excellent" and **STREAMFLOW FORECASTS (1,000 Ac. Ft.)^a**

STREAM and/or FORECAST POINT	OUTLOOK	FORECAST THIS YEAR	FORECAST PERIOD	1943-57 AVERAGE	THIS YEAR AS PERCENT OF AVERAGE
Kootenai River at Leonia ^o	Good	6280	Apr-Sep	8907	70
		4260	Apr-Jun	6257	68
Clark Fork at Whitehorse Rapids ^{co}	Good	10136	Apr-Sep	13932	73
		9320	Apr-Jul	12763	73
		7876	Apr-Jun	10816	73
Priest River nr. Priest River ^d	Poor	400	Apr-Jul	904	44
Spokane River at Post Falls ^e	Poor	1800	Apr-Sep	3242	56
Coeur d'Alene River nr. Cataldo		770	Apr-Sep	1322	58
		730	Apr-Jul	1263	58
St. Joe River at Calder		810	Apr-Sep	1391	58
		770	Apr-Jul	1323	58
Clearwater River at Spalding at Kamiah	Fair	5800	Apr-Sep	9094	64
		3260	Apr-Sep	5116	64
		3130	Apr-Jul	4901	64
North Fork nr. Ahsahka		2100	Apr-Sep	3289	64
Salmon River at Whitebird nr. Challis	Fair	1960	Apr-Jul	3086	64
		4700	Apr-Sep	7137	66
		600	Apr-Sep	959	63
		525	Apr-Jul	839	63

COMPARISON of SNOW COVER

RIVER BASIN WATERSHED	NO. OF COURSES AVERAGED	THIS YEARS SNOW	
		WATER EXPRESSED AS PERCENT OF : LAST YEAR	AVERAGE ^b
Kootenai	12	74	65
Pend Oreille-Clark Fork	49	71	71
Priest River	2	34	34
Spokane River	11	49	54
Palouse River	3	13	18
Clearwater River	8-9	56	52
Salmon River	7	65	61

RESERVOIR STORAGE (1,000 Ac. Ft.)

RESERVOIR	USABLE CAPACITY	MEASURED (First of Month)		
		THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Hungry Horse	3428.0	2842.0	2200.0	2177.0*
Flathead	1791.0	758.8	598.3	628.8
Pend Oreille	1561.0	1085.0	648.0	--
Coeur d'Alene	238.5	178.5	157.3	--

Report Prepared by

M. W. NELSON AND J. ALDEN WILSON

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE --- SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
P. O. BOX 1247, BOISE, IDAHO

HISTORICAL DATA (Kootenai River) Data obtained from U.S. Geological Survey records.

YEAR	SEASONAL VOLUMES at LEONIA STREAMFLOW (1,000 Acre-Ft.)			RIVER FLOOD STAGES			
	APR. - SEPT.	APR JUNE	MAY - JUNE	LEONIA GAGE HEIGHT	PEAK C.F.S.	BONNERS FERRY MAX. DISCH. C.F.S.	GAGE HEIGHT
1943	9,255	6,191	4,333	114.12	58,000	65,000	24.99
1944	4,136	2,818	2,505	108.55	30,000	31,100	14.02
1945	6,050	4,060	3,802	114.07	57,700	61,300	24.04
1946	9,510	6,903	5,834	116.65	80,500	77,000	30.41
1947	9,100	6,823	5,629	117.31	88,200	82,500	31.31
1948	11,073	8,440	7,508	123.15	139,000	123,000	35.32
1949	6,899	5,366	4,316	116.68	81,700	75,200	30.84
1950	9,965	6,677	5,890	118.21	90,100	87,100	33.98
1951	10,807	7,101	6,001	117.04	76,300	83,800	31.86
1952	8,454	6,096	4,659	114.87	63,000	69,700	26.30
1953	8,402	5,600	5,024	116.51	74,700	76,700	30.21
1954	12,213	7,583	6,878	120.81	104,000	132,000	35.55
1955	8,444	5,377	4,996	117.30	79,300	86,200	31.80
1956	11,494	8,755	7,308	121.65	115,000	127,000	37.09
1957	7,798	6,074	5,468	115.93	71,000	78,300	28.81

SOIL MOISTURE

STATION	PROFILE (Inches)			SOIL MOISTURE (Inches)			
	NAME	ELEVATION	DEPTH	*CAPACITY	DATE	THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR
							2 YEARS AGO
Benton Spring	4900	48	14.4	3/27	9.8	9.2	9.8
Brown	3100	36	6.7	4/1	4.3	4.6	--
Fohl	3450	48	13.3	4/1	8.9	8.4	--
Fourth of July Summit	3100	48	11.6	4/1	8.2	--	--
Lookout	5250	48	11.0	4/1	6.1	--	--
Midway	2200	36	6.1	4/1	3.8	3.8	--

* Total soil moisture. Not comparable to last year's published data.

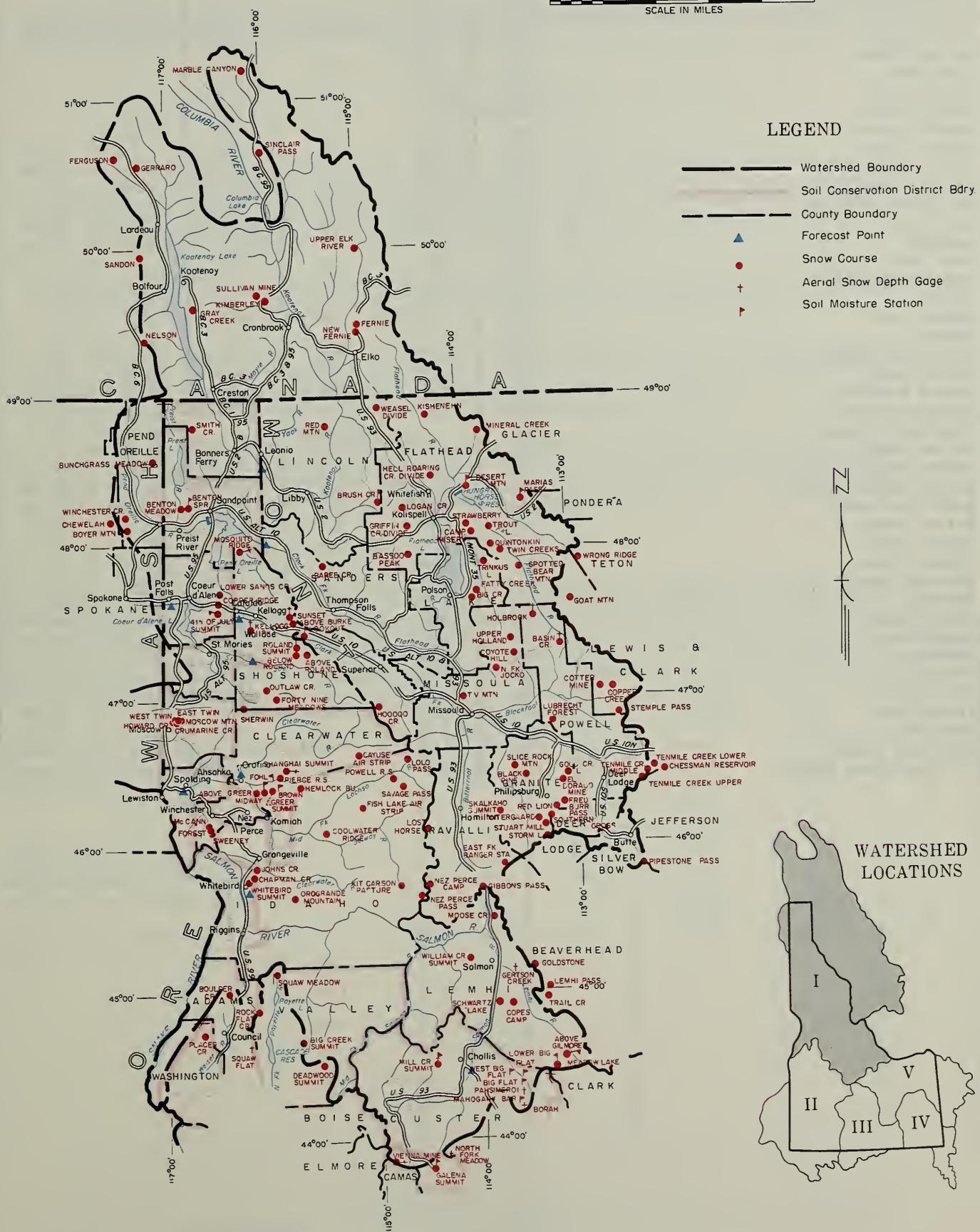
SNOW

SNOW COURSE	CURRENT INFORMATION			PAST RECORD	
	NAME	ELEVATION	DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)
				LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Above Burke	4100	3/12	43	13.1	27.8
Above Gilmore	8200	3/29	29	7.0	9.9
Above Greer	1240	4/1	0	0.0	0.0
Above Roland	4350	3/13	50	16.9	32.5
Below Roland	3770	3/13	20	6.7	19.0
Benton Meadow	2344	3/27	0	0.0	4.3
Benton Spring	4900	3/27	26	8.8	21.4
Big Creek Summit	6608	4/3	78	25.5	39.3
Boulder Creek	5500	4/1	33	8.6	26.4
Cayuse Airstrip	3700	4/3	6	1.2	14.8
Chapman Creek	4220	3/29	0	0.0	2.0
Coolwater Mountain	6200	4/5	57	20.8	29.0
Copes Camp	7500	3/28	24	5.9	8.9
Copper Ridge	4800	3/29	35	12.0	34.4
Crater Meadows	6100	4/2	87	38.0	--
Crumarine Creek	3500	3/30	0	0.0	--
Deadwood Summit	7000	4/3	108	35.8	39.4
East Twin	4000	3/30	2	0.6	17.1

(*) Estimated 1943-57 average. (**) Average for period of record. (^) Affected by dike breakage downstream. (o) Forecasts made by P. E. Farnes, SCS, Bozeman, Montana. () Aerial observation, water content estimated. (a) Assuming normal meteorological conditions. (b) Actual or estimated 1943-57 average. (c) Observed flow corrected for storage in Flathead Lake and Hungry Horse. (d) Observed flow corrected for storage in Priest Lake. (e) Observed flow corrected for storage in Coeur d'Alene Lake and diversions by Spokane Valley Farms Company and Rathdrum Prairie Canals.

KOOTENAI, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, PALOUSE, CLEARWATER, SALMON WATERSHEDS

25 0 25 50 75 100
SCALE IN MILES



SNOW

SNOW COURSE		CURRENT INFORMATION			PAST RECORD	
NAME	ELEVATION	DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (inches)	LAST YEAR
Elk Butte	5550	4/2	51	22.6	--	--
Fish Lake Airstrip	5000	4/3	79	26.6	40.4	42.6*
Forest	4550	3/28	0	0.0	8.9	--
Forty-nine Meadows	5000	4/5	50	24.2	36.0	39.6
Fourth of July Summit	3100	4/1	T	T	13.1	--
Galena Summit	8795	4/1	71	19.4	24.2	25.2*
Gertson Creek +	8050	3/28	9	2.2	9.2	--
Goat Lake	6600	4/2	109	46.1	--	--
Granite Peak	6000	4/2	96	38.0	--	--
Greer Summit	3000	4/1	0	0.0	0.0	--
Hemlock Butte	5500	4/3	88	40.6	57.5	--
Howard Creek	3500	3/30	0	0.0	T	0.0*
Johns Creek	3810	3/29	0	0.0	0.3	0.8*
Kellogg Peak +	5560	4/2	44	13.4	30.9	31.2
Kit Carson Pasture	4700	3/28	11	4.3	7.8	9.0
Lolo Pass	5230	3/28	56	21.8	39.0	36.7*
Lookout	5250	4/1	79	24.1	42.8	39.0*
Lost Lake	6000	4/2	106	44.0	--	--
Lower Sands Creek	3400	3/29	22	8.6	22.8	21.4*
McCann	4300	3/28	0	0.0	9.4	--
Meadow Lake	9100	3/29	48	12.9	22.5	--
Midway	2200	4/1	0	0.0	0.0	--
Mill Creek Summit	8870	3/31	54	16.0	22.2	24.0
Moose Creek	6200	3/29	29	8.4	14.6	18.3
Moscow Mountain	4800	3/30	20	5.6	22.9	18.9*
Mosquito Ridge +	5110	4/2	82	25.0	41.8	38.3
Orogrande Mountain	7800	Delayed			40.2	--
Outlaw Creek	3750		23	13.7	18.2	--
Pierce Ranger Station	3171	3/29	7	2.5	9.6	10.9*
Powell Ranger Station	4230	3/28	15	6.4	14.1	14.0*
Rock Flat Summit	5200	3/26	24	7.6	19.6	20.0*
Roland Summit +	5200	4/2	61	20.7	39.5	38.5
Savage Pass	6600	3/28	59	21.8	28.4	30.3*
Schwartz Lake	8500	3/28	40	10.4	13.0	--
Shanghai Summit +	4600	4/3	29	11.6	33.5	30.5
Sherwin	3200	3/30	10	3.6	16.6	--
Smith Creek	4800	4/1	103	33.2	46.5	49.6
Squaw Meadow +	5800	4/4	69	22.6	42.4	39.9*
Sunset +	5600	4/2	78	23.8	35.6	31.9
Sweeney	4435	3/28	0	0.0	7.3	--
Twin Peaks +	9190	4/3	68	20.1	--	--
Vienna Mine	8900	4/3	92	30.2	36.1	38.8*
West Twin	4200	3/30	3	0.6	14.3	9.5*
Whitebird Summit	4400	3/29	T	T	11.8	5.0*
Williams Creek Summit	7800	3/29	31	8.0	13.7	15.0

**WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK and SNOW SURVEYS
BOISE, PAYETTE, WEISER, BRUNEAU,
OWYHEE WATERSHEDS
IDAHO**

as of

APRIL 1, 1963

GENERAL SUMMARY

The water supply outlook for this area is poor on the smaller streams without good storage facilities and near normal on the Boise, Payette, and Owyhee Rivers by using stored water. The water rights controlled by flow of the rivers can expect an early drop in deliveries and a very low total supply. Heavy rains in April could somewhat change this outlook, but it would take unusually heavy and continuous storms to do so.

The snow pack varies from 26 percent of average on the Owyhee to 54 percent on the Boise. Low and middle elevation snow cover is entirely gone and south slopes are bare up to 9,000 feet. This seriously reduces the water producing area on all of the drainages.

Soil moisture conditions beneath the snow pack at high elevations is still unusually dry. The lower and middle elevations have started to dry out but still have good soil moisture. The dry south slopes and dry soil at high elevations beneath the snow pack are expected to reduce streamflow more than is indicated by the snow course measurements.

Stored water on the Boise and Payette Rivers is excellent. The Owyhee Reservoir is below normal, but can still deliver near normal water supplies by heavy drafts upon stored water. Water users in general should use water very conservatively and carry over as much as possible into the 1964 season which might be another year of light snowfall.

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK expressed as "Poor", "Fair", "Average" or "Excellent" and **STREAMFLOW FORECASTS (1,000 Ac. Ft.)** ^a

STREAM and/or FORECAST POINT	OUTLOOK	FORECAST THIS YEAR	FORECAST PERIOD	1943-57 AVERAGE	THIS YEAR AS PERCENT OF AVERAGE
Boise River nr. Twin Springs		410	Apr-Sep	791	52
nr. Boise ^c	Fair	380	Apr-Jul	737	52
South Fork at Anderson Dam ^d		850	Apr-Sep	1704	50
Payette River nr. Horseshoe Bend ^e	Fair	280	Apr-Sep	646	43
North Fork at Cascade ^f		980	Apr-Sep	2016	49
nr. Banks		320	Apr-Sep	618	52
North Fork nr. Banks ^g		410	Apr-Sep	793	52
Weiser River ab. Crane Creek ^h	Poor	400	Apr-Jul	765	52
Bruneau River nr. Hot Springs		520	Apr-Jul	1077	48
Lake Owyhee net Inflow ⁱ	Poor	330	Mar-Sep	575	57
Bruneau River nr. Hot Springs		80	Mar-Sep	235**	34
Snake River at Weiser	Average	65	Apr-Sep	430	15
		62	Apr-Jul	412	15
		3800	Apr-Sep	7725	49

Report Prepared by

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE --- SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
P.O. BOX 1247, BOISE, IDAHO

COMPARISON of SNOW COVER

RIVER BASIN WATERSHED	NO. OF COURSES AVERAGED	THIS YEARS SNOW WATER EXPRESSED AS PERCENT OF :	
		LAST YEAR	AVERAGE <i>b</i>
Boise	11	58	54
Payette	10	53	51
Weiser	2-5	52	38
Bruneau	8	38	48
Owyhee	20	19	26

RESERVOIR STORAGE (1,000 Ac. Ft.)

RESERVOIR	USABLE CAPACITY	MEASURED (First of Month)		
		THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Anderson	423.2	315.3	60.2	183.0*
Arrowrock	286.6	276.9	255.7	186.8
Lucky Peak	278.2	203.4	50.0	--
Lake Lowell	169.0	151.7	151.9	146.7
Cascade	653.2	603.8	159.7	236.0*
Deadwood	161.9	106.0	61.9	91.4
Owyhee	715.0	362.9	249.5	539.0

SOIL MOISTURE

STATION	PROFILE (Inches)		SOIL MOISTURE (Inches)			
	NAME	ELEVATION	DEPTH	** CAPACITY	DATE	THIS YEAR
Bad Bear	5500	60	6.3	3/31	4.8	--
Bogus Basin Road	4830	48	7.1	3/31	5.7	6.0
Moores Creek Summit	6100	60	8.8	3/31	6.2	--
Mud Flat	5500	48	12.8	4/2	10.5	8.5
Triangle	5150	60	16.2	4/2	14.4	--

* February 15th measurement.

** Total soil moisture. Not comparable to last year's published data.

SNOW

SNOW COURSE	NAME	ELEVATION	DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	CURRENT INFORMATION		PAST RECORD	
						LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE		
Antelope Ridge		5900	4/2	T	T	6.5	--		
Atlanta Summit +		7500	4/3	80	25.2	37.4	37.4		
Bad Bear		5500	3/31	T	T	16.1	--		
Battle Creek +		5700	4/3	0	0.0	2.3	--		
Bear Creek	Nev.	7800	3/26	44	12.9	24.3	21.5*		
Bennett Mountain		6650	4/2	24	8.6	20.3	--		
Big Bend	Nev.	6700	3/27	T	T	13.5	10.5		
Big Creek Summit		6608	4/3	78	25.5	39.3	37.9		
Bogus Basin		6120	3/31	27	8.4	24.6	27.0*		
Bogus Basin Road		5360	3/31	0	0.0	1.0	2.4*		
Boulder Creek		5500	4/1	33	8.6	26.4	24.8		
Bull Basin +		5600	4/3	0	0.0	1.1	--		
Camas Creek Divide +		5720	4/2	0	0.0	12.3	--		
Couch Summit		7000	3/28	36	10.6	19.3	21.1*		
Cozy Cove		5900	3/27	10	4.1	17.2	17.5*		
Crawford Ranger Station		4800	4/2	T	T	10.4	6.8*		
Danskin +		5650	4/2	T	T	15.0	--		
Deadwood Dam Airstrip		5440	3/27	7	3.5	17.5	--		
Deadwood Dam		5290	3/27	13	4.7	18.4	18.3*		
Deadwood Summit		7000	4/3	108	35.8	39.4	48.4		

*Estimated 1943-57 average. (o) Forecast made by W. T. Frost, S.C.S., Portland, Oregon. (+) Aerial observation, water content estimated. (a) Assuming normal meteorological conditions. (b) Actual or estimated 1943-57 average. (c) Observed flow corrected for storage in Arrowrock, Anderson Ranch and Lucky Peak. (d) Observed flow corrected for change of storage in Anderson Ranch Reservoir. (e) Observed flow corrected for change of storage in Cascade & Deadwood Reservoirs. (f) Observed flow corrected for change of storage in Cascade Reservoir. (g) Observed flow corrected for change of storage in Deadwood Reservoir. (h) Observed flow of Weiser River nr. Weiser minus the observed flow of Crane Creek at mouth. (i) From U.S.B.R. records of inflow. (**) 1944-1957 average.

BOISE, PAYETTE, WEISER, BRUNEAU, OWYHEE WATERSHEDS

LEGEND

Watershed Boundary

Soil Conservation District Bdry.

County Boundary

Forecast Point

Snow Course

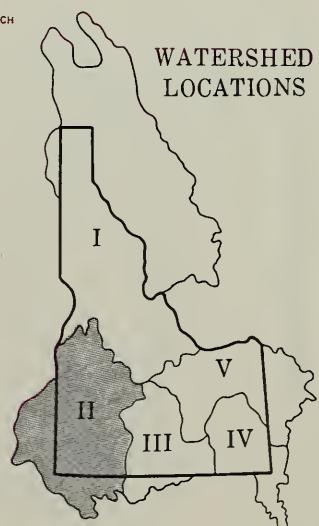
Aerial Snow Depth Gage

Soil Moisture Station

0 25 50 75

SCALE IN MILES

WATERSHED LOCATIONS



SNOW

SNOW COURSE		CURRENT INFORMATION			PAST RECORD	
		DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	LAST YEAR
NAME	ELEVATION					1943-57 AVERAGE
Dixie Hill	5230	4/2	T	T	6.8	--
Dollarhide Summit	8700	3/25	49	16.8	25.5	28.1*
Fox Creek	Nev.	6800	3/26	6	1.4	12.9
Fry Canyon	Nev.	6700	3/27	0	0.0	9.4
Galena		7500	4/1	53	14.2	19.2
Galena Summit		8795	4/1	71	19.4	24.2
Goat Creek	Nev.	8800	3/27	40	12.8	27.8
Gold Creek	Nev.	6600	3/27	0	0.0	8.4
Greenfield Flat +		7370	4/2	109	35.6	50.7
High Valley Summit		5170	4/2	4	1.4	13.5
Hummingbird Springs	Nev.	8945	3/27	50	15.1	31.5
Hyde Pasture +		5800	4/3	T	4.6	--
Jacks Peak	Nev.	8420	3/29	53	14.7	36.4
Jackson Peak +		7000	4/3	72	22.7	31.1
Lake Fork		6000	3/26	21	6.2	17.3
Little Camas Flat +		4950	4/2	0	0.0	7.2
Long Tom +		4550	4/2	0	0.0	0.0
Lower Jack Creek		6800	3/29	T	T	5.5
Mica Ridge +		6800	4/2	66	21.6	41.5
Moores Creek Summit		6100	3/31	40	12.6	31.4
Mount Baldy		9000	3/27	40	11.6	21.3
Mud Flat		5500	4/2	1	0.2	4.8
Placer Creek		6000	3/29	27	7.9	17.2
Pole Creek Ranger Station	Nev.	8330	3/27	45	13.8	23.9
Prairie		5600	4/1	0	0.0	3.9
Red Canyon +		6650	4/3	1	0.2	9.1
Red Point +	Nev.	7940	3/26	6	1.8	15.2
Road Creek		6800	4/3	0	0.0	10.7
Rock Flat Summit		5200	3/26	24	7.6	19.6
Rodeo Flat	Nev.	6800	3/27	T	T	6.7
Seventy-six Creek	Nev.	7100	3/27	11	3.9	17.3
Silver City		6400	4/2	4	0.8	18.9
Soldier Ranger Station		6100	3/28	6	2.3	13.3
South Mountain		6340	3/29	2	0.3	14.8
Squaw Flat +		6230	4/2	44	14.4	33.9
Squaw Meadow +		5800	4/4	69	22.6	42.4
Succor Creek		6100	4/3	T	T	8.4
Taylor Canyon	Nev.	6200	3/27	0	0.0	4.8
Triangle		5150	4/2	T	0.0	--
Tr. City Mountain		7400	4/3	85	30.1	46.8
Tr. City Summit		5200	4/2	13	5.6	18.5
Upper Jack Creek	Nev.	7250	3/29	14	3.4	14.7
Vienna Mine		8900	4/3	92	30.2	36.1
Willow Creek Cabin +		4710	4/2	0	0.0	0.0

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK and SNOW SURVEYS
SNAKE, BIG WOOD, LITTLE WOOD, RAFT, GOOSE
CREEK, SALMON FALLS CREEK WATERSHEDS
IDAHO

as of

APRIL 1, 1963

GENERAL SUMMARY

The outlook for streamflow on all of the rivers in this area is poor and in several cases critically low. Reservoir-stored water on the Snake and other larger rivers is excellent and can make up for the expected low inflow. The smaller rivers, however, and streams without good carry-over water face critical water shortages in the 1963 season.

The snow pack varies from 40 per cent of average on the Raft River to 58 per cent on the Big Wood. Many of the snow courses in the area have the lowest water contents ever recorded in the period of record going back to 1936. Low and middle elevation snow is gone and south slopes are bare to the tops of the ranges. The water producing area on all of these drainages is unusually limited in size. Streamflow forecasts have been lowered as a result of this condition and the dry soil beneath the snow pack.

Soil in general throughout the area is unusually dry. A few sites indicate good soil moisture as a result of early snow-melt, but all of the high sites still show unusually dry soil. Valley soils are also dry and irrigation water is being used early to germinate the crops planted.

Reservoir-stored water on the larger rivers with good storage facilities can avert water shortages for 1963. However, on many of the smaller rivers, reservoir-stored water cannot make up for the extremely low streamflow expected and critical water shortages are in prospect.

Water in general should be used conservatively to produce the most from available supplies this year. If storage facilities are available, strive to carry over as much as possible for the 1964 season, which could also be a low snowfall year.

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK expressed as "Poor", "Fair", "Average" or "Excellent" and **STREAMFLOW FORECASTS (1,000 Ac. Ft.)** ^a

STREAM and/or FORECAST POINT	OUTLOOK	FORECAST THIS YEAR	FORECAST PERIOD	1943-57 AVERAGE	THIS YEAR AS PERCENT OF AVERAGE
Snake River at Moran (Natural Flow)	--	530	Apr-Sep	928	57
Snake River nr. Heise ^c	Fair	2500	Apr-Sep	4132	60
nr. Blackfoot ^d	Fair	2540	Apr-Jul	4239	60
Big Wood River at Hailey ^e (corrected for Diversions)	Fair	175	Apr-Sep	287	61
		210	Apr-Sep	340	62
Big Wood nr. Bellevue (corrected for Diversions)	Poor	75	Mar-Jul	174*	43
		170	Mar-Jul	315*	54
Camas Creek nr. Blaine	Poor	50	Mar-Jul	135*	37
Magic Reservoir Inflow	Fair	120	Mar-Jul	309*	39
Little Wood River ab. High Five Creek	Poor	42	Apr-Sep	87.5*	48
Goose-Trapper Creeks inflow to Oakley Res.	Poor	6	Mar-Sep	34.0*	18
Salmon Falls Creek nr. San Jacinto	Poor	20	Mar-Sep	87.7	23
		19	Mar-Jul	85.0	22
Cedar Creek Inflow	Poor	2.5	Mar-Sep	--	--

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 P.O. BOX 1247, BOISE, IDAHO

COMPARISON of SNOW COVER

RIVER BASIN WATERSHED	NO. OF COURSES AVERAGED	THIS YEARS SNOW WATER EXPRESSED AS PERCENT OF :		
		LAST YEAR	AVERAGE ^b	
Snake ab. American Falls	37	50	55	
Big Wood	9	62	58	
Little Wood	2	54	57	
Raft	4-5	42	40	
Goose Creek	4	39	41	
Salmon Falls Creek	10	38	46	

RESERVOIR STORAGE (1,000 Ac. Ft.)

RESERVOIR	USABLE CAPACITY	MEASURED (First of Month)		
		THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Jackson Lake	847.0	599.3	165.8	465.5
Palisades	1200.0	1074.4	681.3	--
American Falls	1700.0	1679.3	1690.5	1517.7
Magic	191.5	180.7	46.8	122.1
Little Wood	33.3	26.7	12.6	--
Fish Creek	--	9.2	--	--
Oakley	74.4	18.8	30.9	22.6
Salmon Falls	182.6	40.4	44.0	37.0
Cedar Creek	29.9	7.7	--	--

SOIL MOISTURE

STATION	PROFILE (Inches)			SOIL MOISTURE (Inches)			
	NAME	ELEVATION	DEPTH	*** CAPACITY	DATE	THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR
Badger Gulch	6660	36	7.0	3/23	5.0	6.7	--
Bear Creek	7800	72	16.8	3/26	7.8	9.6	8.6*
Conner Pass	5700	36	9.8	3/27	7.5	5.9	--
Deadline	6900	36	7.4	3/28	4.5	5.2	--
Galena	7300	48	8.8	4/1	4.9	--	--
Galena Summit	8795	48	5.8	4/1	1.8	--	--
Garfield Ranger Station	6554	36	5.2	3/28	3.8	5.2	2.8*
Howell Canyon	8000	46	11.5	3/27	3.6	--	--
Niggerhead	5450	36	10.1	3/29	8.0	6.5	6.6*
Patrick Ranch	5720	36	7.7	3/27	4.4	3.9	4.2*
Pole Creek Ranger Station	8330	48	12.7	3/27	6.6	7.0	4.9*
Sheep Hollow	6200	32	7.5	3/24	2.5	--	--
Sublett	6000	36	7.0	3/25	3.1	6.4*	--
Trapper Creek	5300	36	10.0	3/23	4.8**	6.4	--

* March 1 Measurement.

** Last month's measurement should have been 4.2.

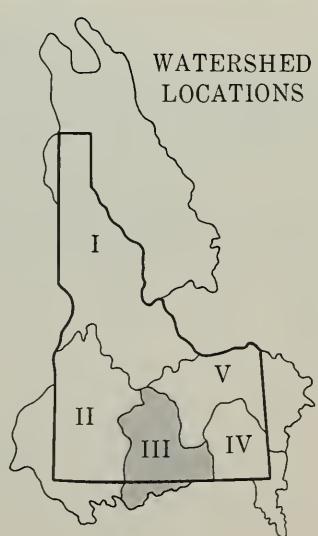
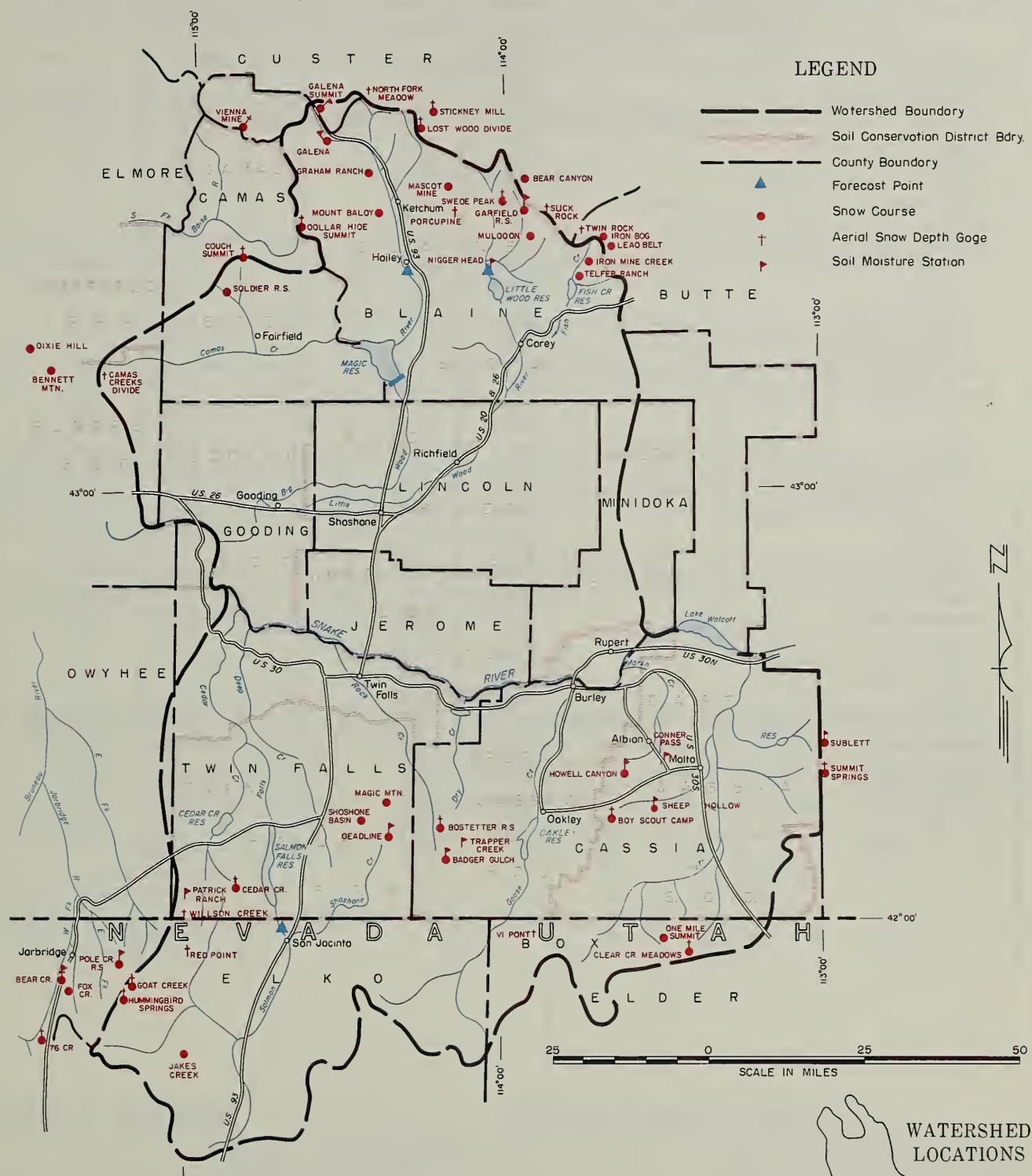
*** Total soil moisture. Not comparable to last year's published data.

SNOW

SNOW COURSE	CURRENT INFORMATION				PAST RECORD	
	NAME	ELEVATION	DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)
					LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Badger Gulch		6660	3/25	8	4.7	14.5
Bear Canyon		8600	4/2	48	12.4	18.8
Bear Creek	Nev.	7800	3/26	44	12.9	24.3
Bennett Mountain		6650	4/2	24	8.6	20.3
Bostetter Ranger Station		7500	3/25	28	8.9	21.9
Boy Scout Camp		7600	3/24	33	9.3	16.7
Camas Creeks Divide +		5720	4/2	0	0.0	12.3
Cedar Creek +		7000	3/26	T	T	9.8
Clear Creek Meadows	Utah	9050	3/26	41	12.3	28.4
Couch Summit		7000	3/28	36	10.6	19.3

*Estimated 1943-57 average. (+) Aerial observation, water content estimated. (a) Assuming normal meteorological conditions. (b) Actual or estimated 1943-57 average. (c) Observed flow corrected for storage in Jackson Lake and Palisades Reservoir. (d) Observed flow corrected for storage in Jackson Lake, Palisades, Island Park, Grassy Lake, Henry's Lake and diversions between Heise and Blackfoot. (e) Combined discharge of Big Wood River and Big Wood Slough. (**) 1949-1960 average.

SNAKE RIVER, BIG WOOD, LITTLE WOOD, RAFT, GOOSE CREEK, SALMON FALLS CREEK WATERSHEDS



SNOW

SNOW COURSE		CURRENT INFORMATION			PAST RECORD	
NAME	ELEVATION	DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Deadline	6900	3/28	38	9.6	27.4	24.8*
Dollarhide Summit	8700	3/25	49	16.8	25.5	28.1*
Fox Creek	Nev.	6800	3/26	6	1.4	9.1*
Galena		7500	4/1	53	14.2	20.2
Galena Summit		8795	4/1	71	19.4	24.2
Garfield Ranger Station		6554	3/28	17	5.3	10.6*
Goat Creek	Nev.	8800	3/27	40	12.8	27.8
Graham Ranch		6200	3/27	24	7.2	13.3
Howell Canyon		8000	3/25	40	12.3	28.2*
Hummingbird Springs	Nev.	8945	3/27	50	15.1	22.8*
Iron Bog		7650	3/25	19	6.2	--
Iron Mine Creek		6370	4/3	14	5.0	--
Leadbelt		6800	3/25	12	3.8	--
Little Camas Flat +		4950	4/2	0	0.0	--
Lost-Wood Divide +		8750	4/3	61	16.7	22.6
Magie Mountain		6700	3/28	29	8.2	21.9
Mascot Mine		7900	3/26	30	9.6	17.0
Mount Baldy		9000	3/27	40	11.6	21.3
Muldoon		6300	3/28	16	4.9	8.0
North Fork Meadow +		8150	4/3	39	10.6	--
One Mile Summit	Utah	7330	3/26	14	4.8	--
Pole Creek Ranger Station	Nev.	8330	3/27	45	13.8	23.9
Porcupine +		8350	4/3	45	12.9	--
Red Point +	Nev.	7940	3/26	6	1.8	--
Seventy-six Creek	Nev.	7100	3/27	11	3.9	17.3
Sheep Hollow		6200	3/24	7	1.8	--
Shoshone Basin		5740	3/27	T	T	--
Slickrock +		8640	4/3	45	12.3	--
Soldier Ranger Station		6100	3/28	6	2.3	13.3
Stickney Mill		7500	4/2	26	7.3	10.5
Sublett		6000	3/25	9	3.9	11.7
Summit Springs		8500	3/25	8	2.6	9.0
Swede Peak		7500	3/29	43	12.3	--
Telfer Ranch		6000	4/3	T	T	5.2*
Twin Rocks +		8100	4/3	35	11.4	--
Vienna Mine		8900	4/3	92	30.2	36.1
Vi Pont +	Utah	7650	3/29	27	8.3	19.9
Wilson Creek +		7500	3/26	12	3.7	--

**WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK and SNOW SURVEYS
UPPER SNAKE, BLACKFOOT, PORTNEUF,
BEAR, MALAD WATERSHEDS
IDAHO**

as of

APRIL 1, 1963

GENERAL SUMMARY

The water supply outlook at the end of the snow accumulation season is poor except on the Snake and Blackfoot Rivers with good storage facilities. Snowfall and precipitation during March was below normal and forecasts in general have been lowered significantly.

Snow cover, in relation to normal, fell steadily throughout the month of March except for the last few days when a good storm occurred. This storm did not make up for the lack of snowfall during the entire month, but on the higher snow courses added over two inches of water. Most of the low and middle elevation snow courses are still the lowest ever measured at this time of the year. Snow cover varies from 40% on the Malad River to 58% on the Bear River.

Soil moisture at the middle and lower elevation snow courses picked up during March as the snow melted. These soils are now drying out with the snow entirely gone. The high elevation soil moisture sites still indicate unusually dry soil beneath the snow pack. This condition will drop streamflow early in the season and cut the total runoff for the year significantly. Forecasts in this area have been lowered on this basis.

Reservoir-stored water is excellent on the Snake and Blackfoot Rivers and can make up for most of the deficiency forecast in streamflow. The smaller rivers and streams in the area face the possibility of severe water shortages during 1963.

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK expressed as "Poor", "Fair", "Average" or "Excellent" and **STREAMFLOW FORECASTS (1,000 Ac. Ft.)** ^a

STREAM and/or FORECAST POINT	OUTLOOK	FORECAST THIS YEAR	FORECAST PERIOD	1943-57 AVERAGE	THIS YEAR AS PERCENT OF AVERAGE
Snake River nr. Heise		2500	Apr-Sep	4132	60
nr. Blackfoot		2540	Apr-Jul	4239	60
Blackfoot Reservoir Inflow		60	Apr-Sep	--	--
Portneuf River at Topaz		30	Mar-Sep	--	--
Bear River at Harer		90	Apr-Sep	299	30
Cub River nr. Preston		20	Apr-Sep	52*	38
Montpelier Creek nr. Montpelier		5	Apr-Sep	13.1	38

COMPARISON of SNOW COVER

RIVER BASIN WATERSHED	NO. OF COURSES AVERAGED	THIS YEARS SNOW WATER EXPRESSED AS PERCENT OF :	
		LAST YEAR	AVERAGE ^b
Snake ab. Idaho Falls	25	51	55
Blackfoot River	4	46	52
Portneuf River	3	45	46
Mink Creek	4	38	40
Cub River	3	41	47
Malad River	2	29	40
Bear ab. Preston	20	50	58

RESERVOIR STORAGE (1,000 Ac. Ft.)

RESERVOIR	USABLE CAPACITY	MEASURED (First of Month)		
		THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Jackson Lake	847.0	599.3	165.8	465.5
Palisades	1200.0	1074.4	681.3	--
American Falls	1700.0	1679.3	1690.5	1517.7
Bear Lake	1421.0	777.4	547.6	848.8

Report Prepared by

M. W. NELSON AND J. ALDEN WILSON

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE --- SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
P.O. BOX 1247, BOISE, IDAHO

SOIL MOISTURE

STATION	PROFILE (Inches)		SOIL MOISTURE (Inches)			
	DEPTH	CAPACITY	DATE	THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	2 YEARS AGO
NAME	ELEVATION					
Emigrant Summit	7350	36	8.2	3/26	3.3	3.4
Giveout Pass	7025	50	12.6	3/27	7.4	--
Jenson Ranch	6580	45	18.7	3/27	15.5	--
Lower Pebble	5800	36	7.6	3/25	5.9	7.9
Pebble Creek	6550	48	7.2	3/26	3.4	4.4
Strawberry Creek	5800	48	12.7	3/28	10.4	6.5

* Total soil moisture. Not comparable to last year's published data.

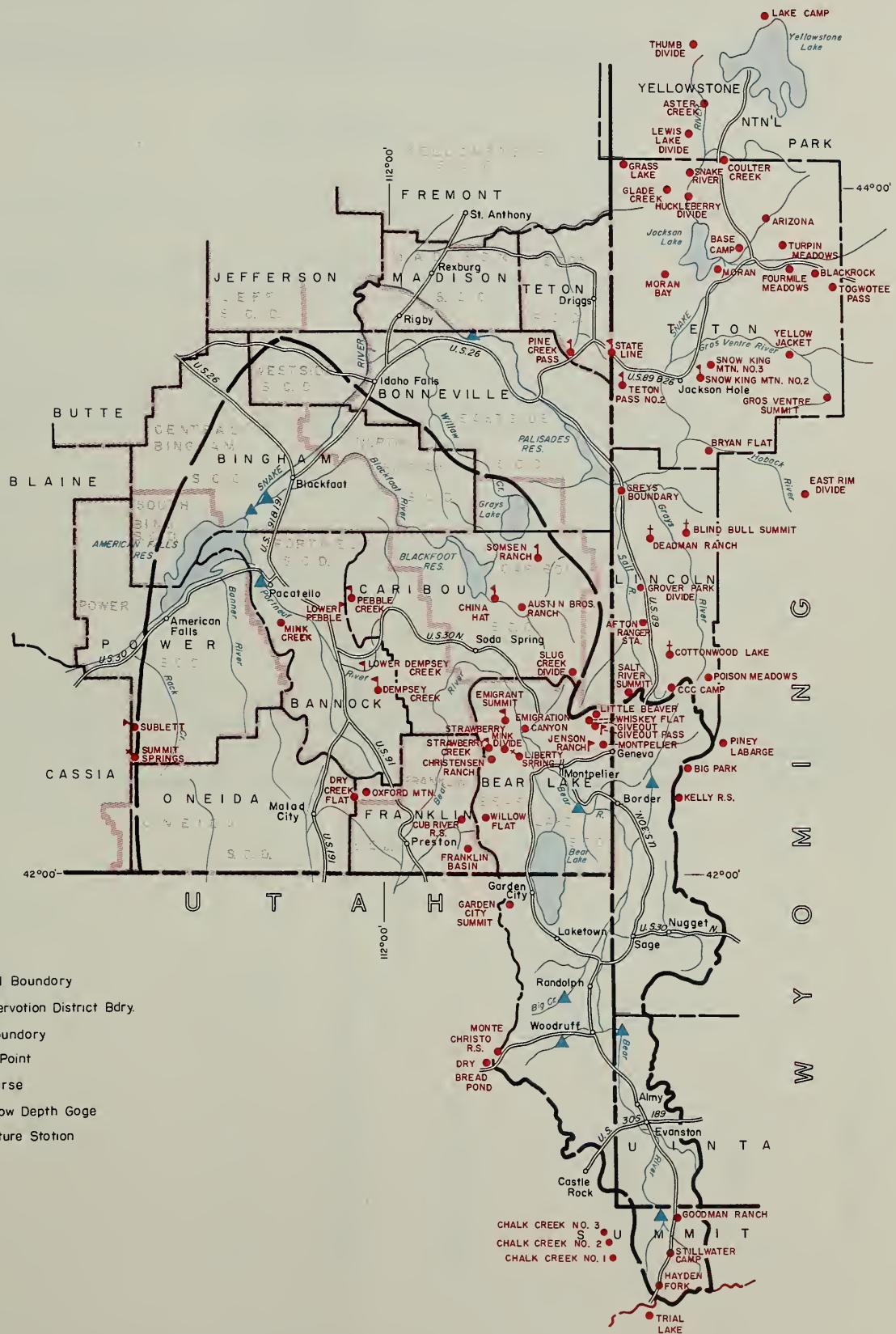
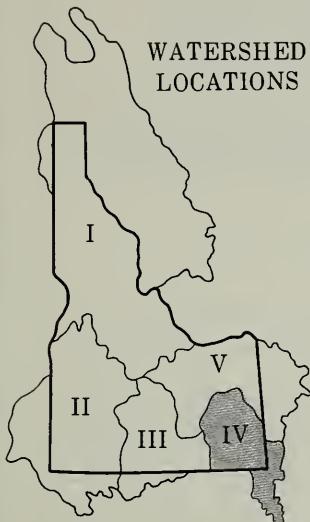
SNOW

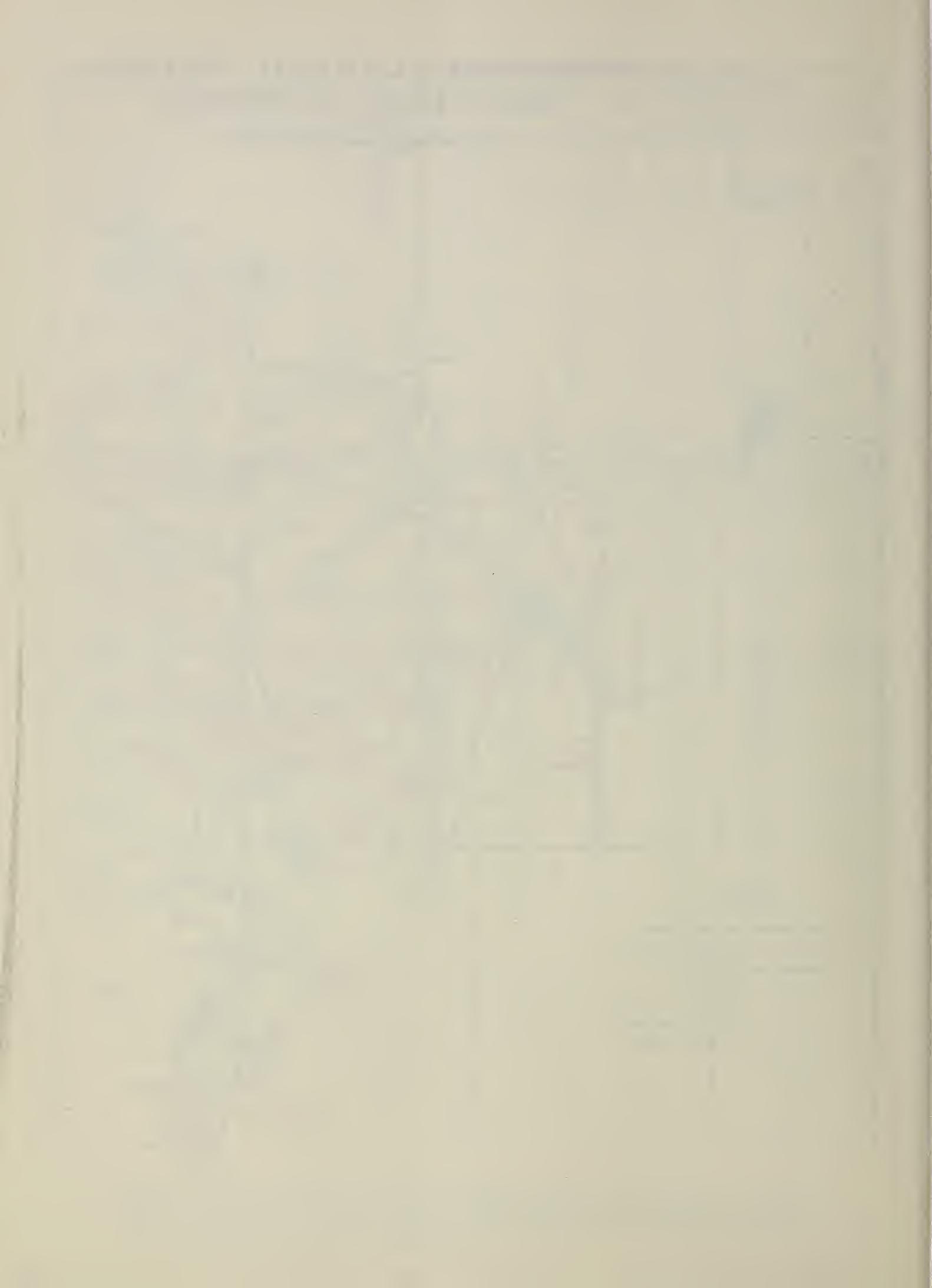
SNOW COURSE	CURRENT INFORMATION			PAST RECORD		
	NAME	ELEVATION	DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)
				LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE	
Austin Brothers Ranch	6450	3/29	Ice	1.5	10.2	8.3*
China Hat	6300	3/29	0	0.0	7.0	6.1*
Christensen Ranch	5600	3/27	0	0.0	9.9	8.7*
Cub River Ranger Station	5400	3/27	0	0.0	10.0	7.4*
Dempsey Creek	6280	3/25	20	6.7	11.3	11.6*
Dry Basin +	7900	3/30	58	20.8	--	--
Dry Creek Flat	6350	3/27	0	0.0	7.6	3.7*
Emigrant Summit	7700	3/26	49	16.8	27.2	25.7
Emigration Canyon	6300	3/26	18	7.2	12.2	10.7*
Franklin Basin	8200	3/29	61	21.1	32.0	29.2
Giveout	6850	3/27	21	7.8	17.7	--
Horseshoe Basin +	8000	3/30	58	20.8	32.1	--
Liberty Spring	8600	3/25	72	24.7	43.2	--
Little Beaver	7000	3/27	31	11.2	19.4	--
Mink Creek	6300	3/27	21	6.9	19.0	17.4*
Montpelier Creek	6600	3/27	8	4.0	10.7	--
Oxford Mountain	6800	3/27	13	4.8	9.0	8.2*
Pebble Creek	6550	3/26	16	6.3	13.6	14.5*
Slug Creek Divide	7225	3/28	33	13.2	19.2	16.8
Somsen Ranch	7000	3/29	27	8.0	12.7	12.8*
Strawberry Creek	5800	3/27	0	0.0	13.4	12.4*
Strawberry-Mink Divide	6800	3/26	26	11.5	24.6	23.3*
Sublett	6000	3/25	9	3.9	11.7	11.8*
Summit Springs	8500	3/25	8	2.6	9.0	10.8*
Whiskey Flat	6900	3/27	13	5.6	13.2	--
Willow Flat	6100	3/27	6	3.3	17.6	15.1*

*Estimated 1943-57 average. (o) Forecast made by Gregory L. Pearson, SCS, Salt Lake City, Utah. (+) Aerial observation, water content estimated. (a) Assuming normal meteorological conditions. (b) Actual or estimated 1943-57 average. (c) Observed flow corrected for storage in Jackson Lake and Palisades Reservoir. (d) Observed flow corrected for storage in Jackson Lake, Palisades, Island Park, Grassy Lake, Henry's Lake and diversions between Heise and Blackfoot.

UPPER SNAKE, BLACKFOOT, PORTNEUF, BEAR, MALAD WATERSHEDS

A horizontal scale bar with tick marks at 0, 25, and 50 miles. The text "SCALE IN MILES" is centered below the bar.





**WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK and SNOW SURVEYS
UPPER SNAKE, HENRY'S FORK, TETON,
CAMAS-BEAVER CREEK, LITTLE LOST,
BIG LOST, UPPER SALMON WATERSHEDS
IDAHO**

as of

APRIL 1, 1963

GENERAL SUMMARY

The outlook for streamflow varies from critical shortages on smaller rivers without adequate carry over, or storage facilities, to near normal on the larger rivers by using stored water.

Snow cover varies from 35 percent of normal on the Little Lost to 68 percent on the Upper Salmon River above Challis. Low elevation snow is almost entirely gone and south slopes are bare to the mountain tops. A good storm near the end of the month helped but did not change the general situation.

Soil moisture measurements show dry soil beneath the snow pack at high elevations. Valley soils are also drier than usual and, if rains do not occur soon, irrigation water will be needed to prepare seed beds. Forecasts have been lowered more than the snow pack would indicate because the soil is expected to absorb an unusually high proportion of water when the major snow-melt begins.

Reservoir-stored water on the main stem of the Snake River is excellent and can make up for most of the deficiencies in streamflow.

Water in general should be used conservatively to produce the most from available supplies this year. If storage facilities are available, strive to carry over as much as possible for the 1964 season, which could also be a low snowfall year.

WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK expressed as "Poor", "Fair", "Average" or "Excellent" and **STREAMFLOW FORECASTS (1,000 Ac. Ft.)^a**

STREAM and/or FORECAST POINT	OUTLOOK	FORECAST THIS YEAR	FORECAST PERIOD	1943-57 AVERAGE	THIS YEAR AS PERCENT OF AVERAGE
Snake at Moran (Natural Flow)	--	530	Apr-Sep	928	57
Snake River nr. Heise	<i>c</i> Fair	2500	Apr-Sep	4132	60
Henry's Fork nr. Ashton	<i>d</i> Fair	470	Apr-Sep	632	74
nr. Rexburg	<i>e</i> Fair	920	Apr-Sep	1318	70
Teton River nr. St. Anthony	Poor	200	Apr-Sep	425	47
Big Lost River at Howell Ranch	Fair	120	Apr-Sep	199	60
		85	Apr-Jun	139	61
Big Lost River nr. Mackay	<i>f</i> Fair	100	Apr-Sep	172	58
Little Lost River nr. Howe	Poor	22	Mar-Sep	37.5**	59
Salmon River nr. Challis	Poor	600	Apr-Sep	959	63
		520	Apr-Jul	839	62

Report Prepared by

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COMPARISON of SNOW COVER

RIVER BASIN WATERSHED	NO. OF COURSES AVERAGED	THIS YEARS SNOW WATER EXPRESSED AS PERCENT OF : LAST YEAR AVERAGE ^b	
		LAST YEAR	AVERAGE
Snake River ab. Heise	25	52	56
Henry's Fork	3	43	49
Teton River	2	48	49
Camas-Beaver Cr.	3	28	36
Little Lost River	5	37	35
Big Lost River	5	65	63
Upper Salmon River	5	74	68

RESERVOIR STORAGE (1,000 Ac. Ft.)

RESERVOIR	USABLE CAPACITY	MEASURED (First of Month)		
		THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Jackson Lake	847.0	599.3	165.8	465.5
Palisades	1200.0	1074.4	681.3	--
American Falls	1700.0	1679.3	1690.5	1517.7
Island Park	127.0	133.4	104.3	120.2
Grassy Lake	15.2	11.9	8.9	13.2
Mackay	44.2	36.4	25.4	35.1

SOIL MOISTURE

STATION	PROFILE (Inches)			SOIL MOISTURE (Inches)		
	DEPTH	*CAPACITY	DATE	THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	2 YEARS AGO
Above Gilmore	8200	54	5.4	3/29	1.9	--
Bell Mountain Bar	6640	18	3.6	3/28	1.2	1.5
Big Flat	7050	18	3.6	3/29	1.2	1.1
Cedarville Bar	5400	18	3.0	3/28	1.0	1.9
Fairview Guard Station	5850	42	7.6	3/28	4.8	4.3
Island Park	6315	42	9.9	3/29	3.2	--
Meadow Lake	9100	48	4.4	3/29	1.7	--
Mill Creek Summit	8870	48	8.4	3/31	2.7	--
Nielson's Draw	6400	18	3.3	3/28	1.1	1.0
Pine Creek Pass	6750	48	13.3	3/28	4.1	--
State Line	6400	48	14.8	3/28	4.9	--
Teton Pass	8500	48	10.5	3/28	5.3	--
Valley View	6500	48	13.3	3/29	4.0	--
West Big Flat	6550	18	3.2	3/29	1.0	1.2
Wet Creek Summit	8175	48	17.1	3/27	6.1	--

* Total soil moisture. Not comparable to last year's published data.

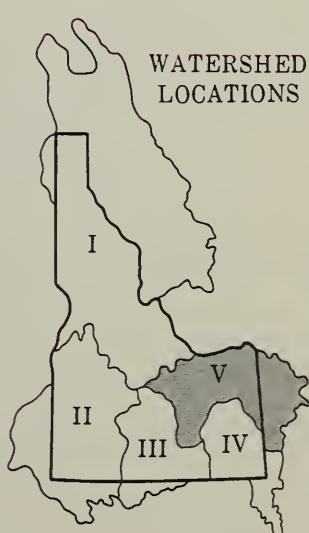
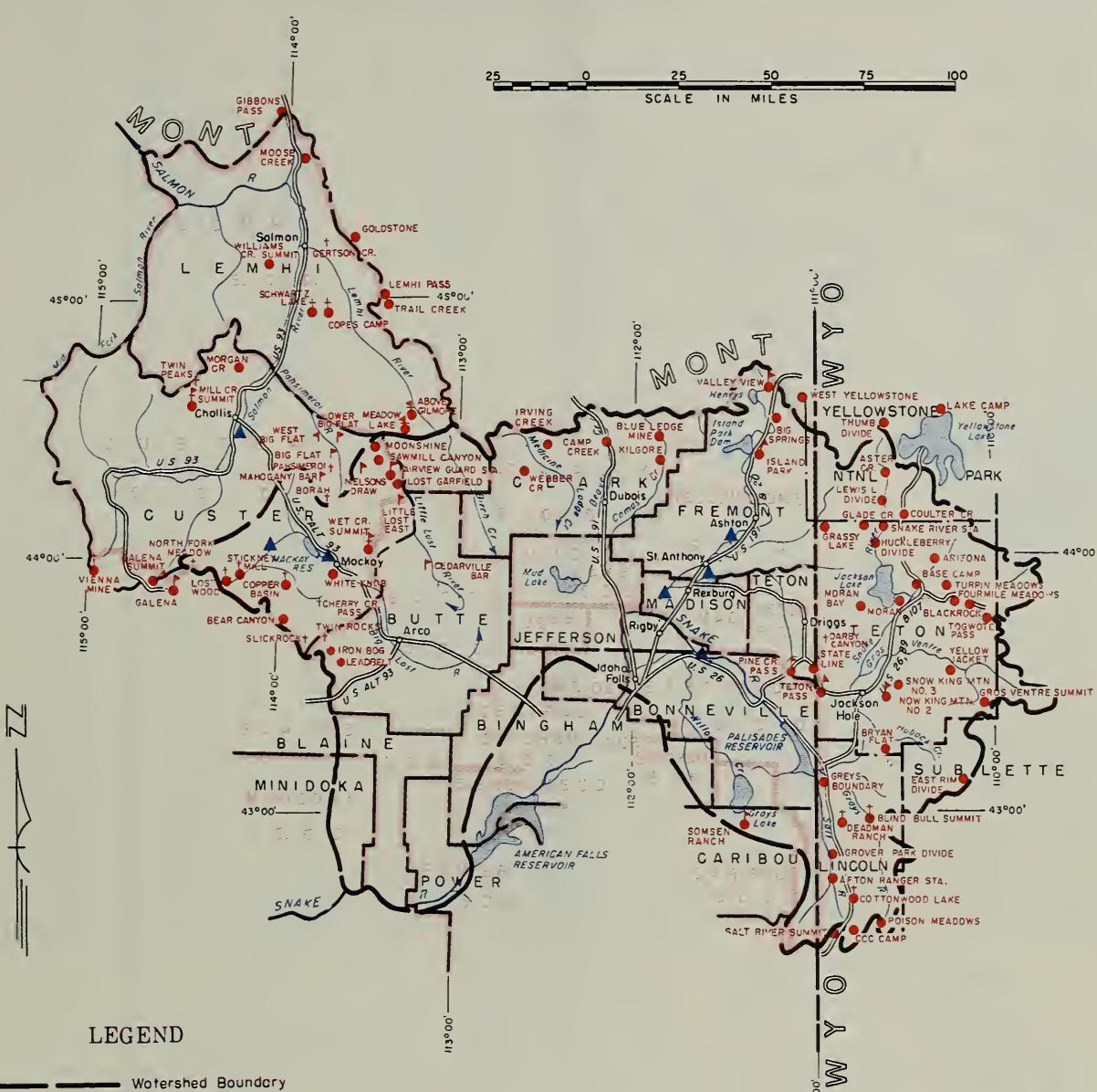
SNOW

SNOW COURSE	CURRENT INFORMATION			PAST RECORD	
	DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	LAST YEAR
Above Gilmore	8200	3/29	29	7.0	9.9
Rear Canyon	8600	4/2	48	12.4	18.8
Black Canyon	7850	3/27	67	20.2	--
Black Moose	8125	3/27	68	25.6	--
Big Springs	6500	3/29	32	10.4	25.6
Blue Ledge Mine	6700	3/27	25	7.2	22.5
Camp Creek	6800	3/27	8	2.3	12.1
Cherry Creek Pass +	8900	4/3	6	1.3	4.0
Copes Camp	7500	3/28	24	5.9	8.9
Copper Basin	8000	4/2	20	6.9	9.6
Darby Canyon +	Wyo.	8250	52	17.1	25.7

*Estimated 1943-57 average. (+) Aerial observation, water content estimated. (a) Assuming normal meteorological conditions. (b) Actual or estimated 1943-57 average. (c) Observed flow corrected for storage in Jackson Lake and Palisades Reservoir. (d) Observed flow corrected for storage in Island Park Reservoir and Henry's Lake. (e) Observed flow corrected for storage in Island Park Reservoir, Henry's Lake, Grassy Lake, and diversions between Ashton and Rexburg. (f) Observed flow corrected for storage in Mackay Reservoir and diversion in Sharp Ditch. (**) 1949-1960 average.

UPPER SNAKE, HENRY'S FORK, TETON, CAMAS - BEAVER CREEK, LITTLE LOST, BIG LOST, UPPER SALMON WATERSHEDS

25 0 25 50 75 100
SCALE IN MILES



SNOW

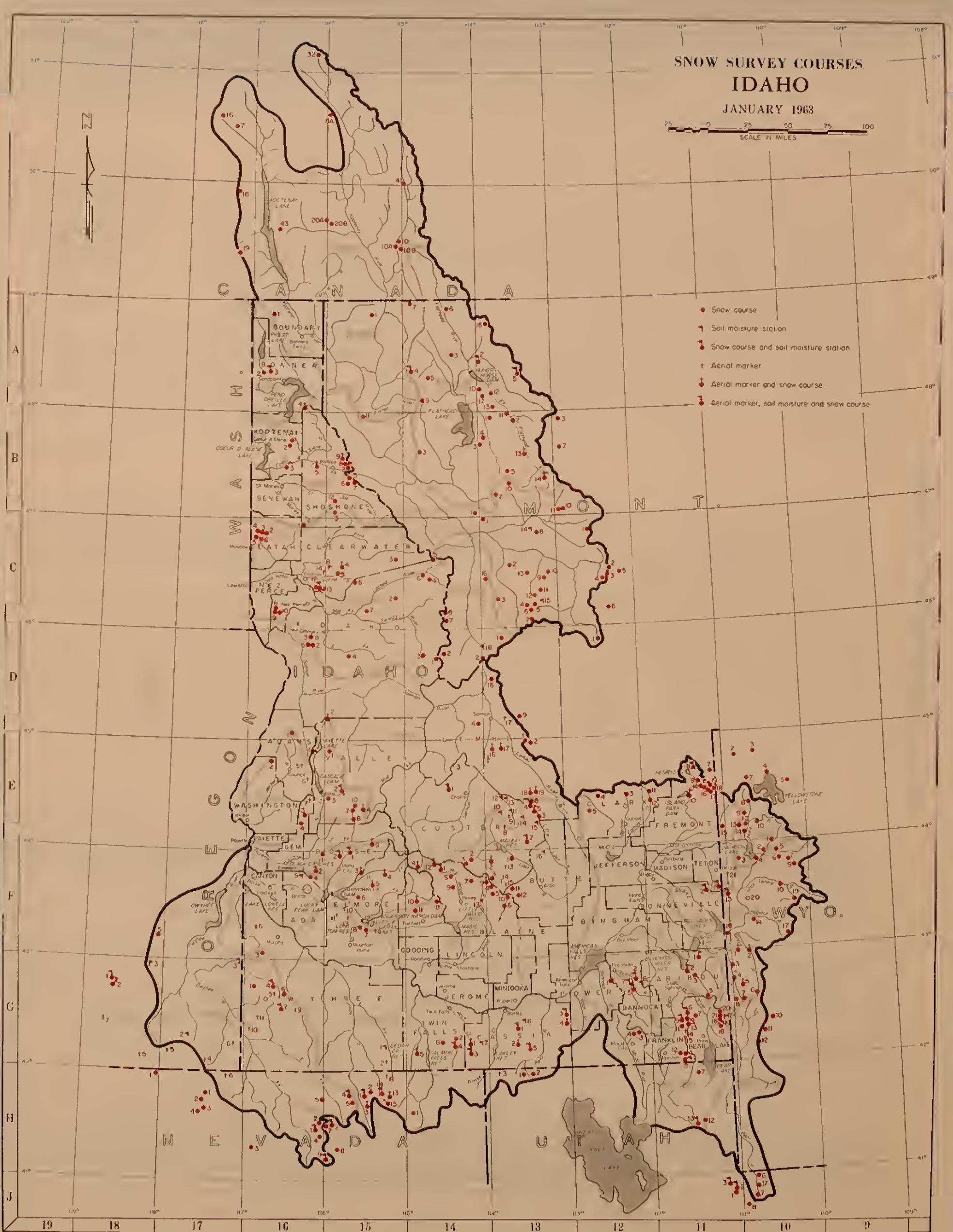
SNOW COURSE		CURRENT INFORMATION			PAST RECORD	
NAME	ELEVATION	DATE OF SURVEY	SNOW DEPTH (Inches)	WATER CONTENT (Inches)	LAST YEAR	1943-57 AVERAGE
Fairview Guard Sta.	6850	3/26	T	T	4.5	5.2*
Galena	7500	4/1	53	14.2	19.2	20.2
Galena Summit	8795	4/1	71	19.4	24.2	25.2*
Gertson Creek +	3050	3/28	9	2.2	9.2	--
Iron Bog	7650	3/25	19	6.2	15.2	--
Irving Creek	7035	3/29	5	1.2	5.4	--
Island Park	6315	3/29	30	8.8	20.3	17.8
Kilgore	6200	3/27	11	4.2	14.8	10.3
Latham Springs	7650	3/27	59	20.6	--	--
Leadbelt	6800	3/25	12	3.8	10.7	--
Lost-Garfield	6700	3/26	0	0.0	2.4	2.3*
Lost-Wood Divide +	8750	4/3	61	16.7	22.6	26.7*
Lucky Dog	6900	3/27	39	10.2	--	--
Meadow Lake	9100	3/29	48	12.9	22.5	--
Mill Creek Summit	8870	3/31	54	16.0	22.2	24.0
Moonshine	7250	3/26	21	5.4	10.8	12.1*
Moose Creek	6200	3/29	29	8.4	14.6	18.3
Morgan Creek	7580	3/26	32	9.0	--	--
North Fork Meadow +	8150	4/3	39	10.6	14.3	--
Old Road	7250	3/27	49	15.2	--	--
Pine Creek Pass	6750	3/28	36	9.8	19.0	--
Poacher's Cabin	8000	3/27	61	22.2	--	--
Sawmill Canyon	7000	3/26	13	3.6	8.7	9.2*
Schwartz Lake	8500	3/28	40	10.4	13.0	--
Slickrock +	8640	4/3	45	12.3	16.9	--
Somsen Ranch	7000	3/29	27	8.0	12.7	12.8*
State Line	6400	3/28	23	6.5	15.5	16.4
Stickney Mill	7500	4/2	26	7.3	10.5	10.0
Teton Pass	Wyo.	8500	3/28	65	21.3	42.1
Teton Pass	Wyo.	8500	4/2	72	23.9	42.1
Twin Peaks +		9190	4/3	68	20.1	--
Twin Rocks +		8100	4/3	35	11.4	17.5
Valley View		6500	3/29	35	9.0	19.4
Vienna Mine		8900	4/2	92	30.2	36.1
Webber Creek		6700	3/29	3	0.6	5.4
West Yellowstone	Mont.	6700	3/27	20	6.3	11.0
Wet Creek Summit		8175	3/27	20	5.2	11.7
White Knob		7700	3/28	21	4.4	12.1
Williams Creek Summit		7800	3/29	31	8.0	13.7

SNOW SURVEY COURSES

IDAHO

JANUARY 1962

A horizontal scale bar with numerical markings at 0, 25, 50, 75, and 100. Below the scale, the text "SCALE IN MILES" is printed in a bold, sans-serif font.



Index to IDAHO SNOW COURSES

NO.	STATE	NAME	SEC.				NO.	STATE	NAME	SEC.				NO.	STATE	NAME	SEC.				NO.	STATE	NAME	SEC.					
			TOP.	END.	AGE.	ELEV.				TOP.	END.	AGE.	ELEV.				TOP.	END.	AGE.	ELEV.				TOP.	END.	AGE.	ELEV.		
		KOOTENAI RIVER																											
15511	I	Barre Creek	30	263	31W	5500	13057	I	Canyon	44940	11° 03'	7740	13053	I	Bear Canyon	32	53	214	853'	13019A	I	Above Wilmore	13	13W	26E	2200			
		Brush Creek	13	20N	28W	5000	13057	I	CCF Camp	9	298	118W	70	13053	I	Cherry Creek Pass	7	58	231	2100	13019A	I	Big Flat	13	11W	23E	7560		
16	I	Fergusson	50° 47'	11° 20'	2900	13054	I	Cottonwood Lake	25	31N	118W	750	13054	I	Copper Basin	4	68	218	8000	13026	I	Borah	21	10N	23E	2250			
17	I	Fernie	49° 31'	11° 01'	6000	13054	I	Cultar Creek	25	31N	118W	600	13051	I	Iron Bog	23	48	20E	7650	13022	I	Chapman Creek	16	21W	28E	4240			
18	I	Ferrard	50° 03'	11° 01'	6000	13051	I	Headman Ranch	26	34N	116W	6534	13051	I	Landbeit	34	49	23E	6800	13017A	I	Topes Camp	26	12W	23E	7520			
19	I	Gray Creek	49° 37'	11° 04'	5100	13051	I	East Rim Divide	32	37N	112W	7750	13050	I	Lost Wood Divide	19	68	19E	8750	13017A	I	Werte n' creek	22	22W	23E	2780			
20	I	Wimberley	49° 41'	11° 05'	5800	13056	I	Four Mile Meadow	35	24N	112W	777	13051	I	Merk Fork Meadow	7	73	18E	8150	13019	I	Old Stage	21	85	18E	8100			
21	I	Marble Canyon	50° 02'	11° 00'	5000	13051	I	Glade Creek	12	28N	116W	7200	13054	I	Slide Rock	17	48	22E	8640	13023	I	Johns Creek	14	27W	28E	3840			
22	I	Marble Canyon	49° 42'	11° 00'	6100	13051	I	Greys Boundary	33	37N	117W	6500	13051	I	Stickney Mill	9	68	19E	7530	13021	I	Leahy Pass	16	103	18E	10500			
23	I	Marcell Ridge	49° 45'	11° 01'	5050	13051	I	Yers Monte Summit	34	38	111W	8750	13054	I	Twin Rocks	22	47	72E	8100	13013	I	Lower Big "e"	31	12W	24E	6500			
24	I	Wilson	49° 55'	11° 01'	5100	13051	I	Severn Park Divide	27	33N	118W	7500	13051	I	White Knob	26	74	23E	7700	13010	I	Wadogany Bar	1	10W	23E	7200			
25	I	Wet Mountain	49° 53'	11° 01'	6000	13051	I	Huckleberry Divide	30	28N	115W	7300	13051	I	White Knob	26	74	23E	9100	13018A	I	Medi'v Lake	24	13W	26E	9100			
26	I	Sands	49° 45'	11° 01'	3500	13051	I	Lace Camp	44932	11° 22'	7850	13051	I	Mill Creek Summit	6	13	134	7720	13017A	I	Mill Creek Summit	6	13W	23E	2870				
27	I	Sandie Pass	50° 01'	11° 05'	4500	13059	I	Levins Lake Divide	44933	11° 22'	7930	13059	I	Sollar Hide Summit	16	38	15E	8620	13016	I	Mc Co Creek	22	26	27W	8200				
28	I	Smith Creek	29	20N	18W	5000	13059	I	Mc Can	6417	45N	114W	6800	13059	I	Solomons	3	68	15E	7300	13024	I	Patemeroi	2	10W	24E	7500		
29	I	Sullivan Mine	49° 33'	11° 05'	5100	13053	I	Moran Bay	14	35N	116W	6800	13054	I	Schwarts Lake	33	78	15E	8735	13016A	I	Trail Creek	34	17W	22E	3500			
30	I	Upper Elk River	49° 01'	11° 05'	4000	13056	I	Norris Basin	44944	11° 42'	7500	13057	I	Soldier Ranger Station	8	47	20E	7900	13023	I	Twin Peaks	5	105	17E	9100				
31	I	Wenzel Divide	8	37N	24	4500	13056	I	Potson Meadows	32	30N	118W	7900	13059	I	Mount Baldy	19	21	14E	6100	13012A	I	Vienna Mine	32	88	12E	8700		
		PRIEST RIVER					13052	I	Snake River Station	9	48N	115W	6780	13051	I	West Big Flat	35	124	23E	6550	13015	I	Whitetailed Summit	17	24W	22E	4300		
1642	I	Beaton Meadow	27	33N	49	2344	13052	I	Snow King Mountain #3	6	48	117W	7600	13054	I	Williams Creek Summit	34	248	20E	7800									
1643M	I	Beaton Spring	37	56N	74	2900	13052	I	Sylvan Pass	12	52N	114	7100	13051	I	Soldier Ranger Station	19	21	14E	6100									
		PEND OREILLE - CLARK FORK RIVER					13055	I	Topaz Pass	12	48	117W	7600	13054	I	Garfield Ranger Station	11	38	21E	6554									
13013	I	Black Pine	79	28	154	5100	13055	I	Clayton Meadows	1	48N	114W	6700	13054	I	Iron Mine Creek	32	38	23E	6737									
13025	I	Chesman Reservoir	2	38	54	2000	13055	I	Yellowjacket	1	48N	114W	6700	13054	I	Muld	15	38	21E	6500									
13027	I	Copper Creek	1	18N	60	2000	13059	I	Black Canyon	34	14N	124	6500	13054	I	Waggonhead	2	24	24E	5450	13014	I	Above creek	14	35W	2E	1240		
13031	I	Collier Mine	1	18N	64	2000	13059	I	Black Mule	33	14N	125	6250	13054	I	Reprise	3	49	20E	824	13013	I	Caribou Alpstrip	13	38W	11E	3700		
13031	I	Coyote Hill	12	25	114	5000	13059	I	Freedy Lake	10	23N	117W	7200	13054	I	Reprise	3	38	21E	7577	13013	I	Clearwater Mountain	32	33W	22E	5200		
13035	I	El Dorado Mine	23	28	174	5000	13059	I	Heath Park	12	23N	117W	6500	13054	I	Flat Lake Alpstrip	35	28	22E	6300	13014	I	Flat Lake Alpstrip	16	36W	22	3450		
13037	I	Fred Perry Pass	11	68	154	5000	13059	I	Hoover Divide	13	24N	117W	6500	13054	I	Fres	1	70	18E	8550									
13038	I	Keegon Lake	6	58	174	6150	13059	I	Iron Mine	1	48N	114W	6700	13054	I	Frigide	6	88	18E	5000									
13039	I	Gold Creek Lake	14	28	124	7200	13059	I	Leavenworth	1	48N	114W	6700	13054	I	Grande	1	70	18E	5000									
13040	I	Hoodoo Creek	7	21N	27W	6200	13059	I	Laramie	9	23N	118W	6700	13054	I	Heads	2	49	20E	824	13013	I	Heads	4	38W	11E	5500		
13041	I	Intergaard	6	58	174	5000	13059	I	Lucky Dog	2	13N	124	6900	13054	I	Hogie Basin Road	34	58	18E	5360	13013	I	Miner Basin Road	32	33W	22E	5200		
13042	I	Urbach Forest	11	13N	114	5000	13059	I	Old Road	14	13N	124	6250	13054	I	Hogus Basin Road	36	58	20E	8230	13013	I	Kit Carson Feature	4	27W	16E	4700		
13043	I	Urbach Forest	11	13N	114	5000	13059	I	Poacher's Cabin	11	13N	124	6200	13054	I	Camas Creek Divide	30	58	20E	8230	13013	I	Low Pass	11	10W	24E	5200		
13044	I	North Fork Jocko	1	17W	6330	6000	13059	I	Valley View	7	15N	124	6500	13054	I	Colch Summit	9	28	21E	6450	13013	I	Midway	12	35W	22E	2200		
13045	I	Pipes Creek	21	38	134	7000	13059	I	West Felicetown	2	13N	124	6700	13054	I	Wisper	24	78	18E	6150	13013	I	Wisper	23	15W	22E	6575		
13046	I	Red Ibis	27	48	134	7000	13059	I	Teton River	15	28	117W	7900	13054	I	Wisper	15												

Agencies Assisting with Snow Surveys, etc.

GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

Canada:

Department of Lands, Forests, and
Water Resources, British Columbia
Department of Resources and Development,
Water Resources Division

States:

Idaho State Reclamation Engineer
and Corps of State Watermasters
State of Idaho Department of Fish and
Game
University of Idaho
Idaho State College
Montana Agricultural Experiment Station
Montana State Water Conservation Board
Nevada Cooperative Snow Surveys
Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station
Oregon State Engineer and Corps of
State Watermasters
Utah Cooperative Snow Surveys
Wyoming Cooperative Snow Surveys

Federal:

U. S. Army Engineers

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Forest Service
Agricultural Research Service

U. S. Department of Commerce
Weather Bureau

U. S. Department of the Interior
Bonneville Power Administration
Bureau of Reclamation
Fish and Wildlife Service
Geological Survey
Indian Service
National Park Service
Bureau of Land Management

PUBLIC UTILITIES

The Montana Power Company
Washington Water Power Company
Idaho Power Company
Utah Power and Light Company

ORGANIZED PUBLIC AGENCIES

Big Lost River Irrigation District
Boise Project Board of Control
Little Wood River Irrigation District
Jordan Valley Irrigation District
Salmon Falls Creek Irrigation Company
Twin Falls Soil Conservation District
Twin Lakes Irrigation Company
Big Wood Irrigation Company
Owyhee Project - North & South Board of Control

PRIVATE CORPORATIONS

Amalgamated Sugar Company

*Other organizations and individuals furnish valuable information for
snow survey reports. Their cooperation is gratefully acknowledged.*

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